



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS  
701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001  
ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

[REDACTED]  
Docket No: 7335-16

NOV 15 2017

[REDACTED]  
Dea [REDACTED]

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to the provisions of title 10 of the United States Code, section 1552.

Although your application was not filed in a timely manner, the Board found it in the interest of justice to waive the statute of limitations and consider your application on its merits. A three-member panel of the Board for Correction of Naval Records, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 12 September 2017. The names and votes of the members of the panel will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application, together with all material submitted in support thereof, your naval record and applicable statutes, regulations and policies.

You enlisted in the Navy on 21 September 1988. According to the information in your record, during the period from 14 September 1991 to 14 May 1992 you were in an unauthorized absence (UA) status on two separate occasions. As a result of the forgoing, you submitted a written request for discharge for the good of the service to avoid trial by court-martial for 240 days of UA. Prior to submitting this request, you conferred with a qualified military lawyer, at which time you were advised of your rights and warned of the probable adverse consequences of accepting such a discharge. Your request was granted and your Commanding Officer was directed to issue an other than honorable (OTH) discharge for the good of the service. As a result of this action, you were spared the stigma of a court-martial conviction, as well as the potential penalties of such a punitive discharge. On 17 June 1992, you were discharged.

After careful and conscientious consideration of the entire record, the Board found the evidence submitted was insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. The Board carefully weighed all potentially mitigating factors, such as your desire to upgrade your discharge and your contention that you were under the assumption that you were receiving an honorable discharge. However, the Board found that these factors were not sufficient to warrant relief in your case given your misconduct. In this regard, the Board concluded that your lengthy periods of UA outweighed your desire to upgrade your discharge.

The Board noted that the record contains documented evidence which is contrary to your contention that you were under the assumption that you were receiving an honorable discharge. The Board noted that prior to submitting your request for a discharge in lieu of trial by court-martial, you conferred with a qualified military lawyer, at which time you were advised of your rights and warned of the probable adverse consequences of accepting an OTH discharge. Accordingly, your application has been denied.

It is regretted that the circumstances of your case are such that favorable action cannot be taken at this time. You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon the submission of new and material evidence. New evidence is evidence not previously considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

Sincerely,

A large black rectangular redaction box covering the signature of the Executive Director.

Executive Director