

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS 701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001 ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

> Docket No: 2427-22 Ref: Signature Date



Dear Petitioner:

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Title 10, United States Code, Section 1552. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

Although you did not file your application in a timely manner, the Board waived the statute of limitation in accordance with the 25 August 2017 guidance from the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness (Kurta Memo). A three-member panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 10 June 2022. The names and votes of the panel members will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of the Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record, and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies, to include to the Kurta Memo, the 3 September 2014 guidance from the Secretary of Defense regarding discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) (Hagel Memo), and the 25 July 2018 guidance from the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness regarding equity, injustice or clemency determinations (Wilkie Memo). The Board also considered the advisory opinion (AO) furnished by a qualified mental health provider, which was previously provided to you. You were afforded an opportunity to submit a rebuttal to the AO, which was received on 27 March 2022.

You enlisted in the Navy and began a period of active service on 6 June 1995. Your enlistment records, to include your record of military processing, security clearance questionnaire, and enlistment physical, do not reflect disclosure of any pre-service drug use.

On 23 December 1996, you were counseled for issuing a check with insufficient funds. Subsequently, admitted to drug abuse during a security investigation and during a Naval Criminal Investigative Service interview. As a result, on 14 August 1997, you were notified of administrative separation processing for fraudulent enlistment and misconduct due to drug abuse. Although you waived your right to a hearing before an administrative board, you submitted a statement. In your statement, you admitted to committing misconduct during your military service because you had difficulty adjusting to military life and because you and your wife were expecting the birth of your child. You were eventually discharged, on 17 September 1997, with an Other Than Honorable (OTH) characterization of service for misconduct due to drug abuse.

The Board carefully considered all potentially mitigating factors to determine whether the interests of justice warrant relief in your case in accordance with the Wilkie Memo. These included your desire to upgrade your discharge and your contentions that your only drug use was prior to your enlistment, that you disclosed that information to both your recruiter and during your clearance application process, and that you did not get into any trouble during your military service with the exception of a bounced check. For purposes of clemency consideration, the Board noted you did not provide supporting documentation describing post-service accomplishments, or advocacy letters.

Because you contend a mental health condition, the Board also considered the AO. The AO stated in pertinent part:

Petitioner's military record was not complete and there is no record of the security However, among available records there is no evaluation or NCIS report. evidence that he was diagnosed with a mental health condition in military service, or that he exhibited any psychological symptoms or behavioral changes indicative of a diagnosable mental health condition. Throughout his disciplinary processing, there were no concerns raised of a mental health condition that would have warranted a referral for evaluation. He has provided no medical evidence in support of his claims. Unfortunately, his personal statement is not sufficiently detailed to establish symptoms of a mental health diagnosis or provide a nexus with his misconduct, particularly as his statement is that his mental health concerns began after he experienced legal consequences to his misconduct. Additional records (e.g., post-service mental health records describing the Petitioner's diagnosis, symptoms, and their specific link to his misconduct) would aid in rendering an alternate opinion.

The AO concluded, "[b]ased on the available evidence, it is my clinical opinion that there is insufficient evidence of a mental health condition that may be attributed to military service. There is insufficient evidence that his misconduct could be attributed to a mental health condition."

Based upon this review, the Board concluded these potentially mitigating factors were insufficient to warrant relief. Specifically, the Board determined that your misconduct, as evidenced by your admission of drug use and fraudulent entry, outweighed these mitigating factors. In making this finding, the Board considered the seriousness of your misconduct and the fact it included a drug offense. Further, the Board found no evidence to support your assertions that you informed your recruiter of your history of drug abuse and noted that you denied drug use on your enlistment processing paperwork. The Board also concurred with the AO that there is insufficient evidence that your misconduct could be attributed to a mental health condition. As a result, the Board concluded your conduct constituted a significant departure from that expected of a Sailor and continues to warrant an OTH characterization. After applying liberal consideration, the Board did not find evidence of an error or injustice that warrants upgrading your characterization of service or granting clemency in the form of an upgraded characterization of service. Accordingly, the Board determined that your request does not warrant relief.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon the submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity is attached to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.



Sincerely,