

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS 701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001 ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

> Docket No. 9278-22 Ref: Signature Date

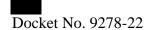


Dear Petitioner:

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Section 1552 of Title 10, United States Code. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

Although you did not file your application in a timely manner, the statute of limitations was waived in accordance with the 25 August 2017 guidance from the Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness (Kurta Memo). A three-member panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 17 April 2023. The names and votes of the panel members will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record, and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies, to include the Kurta Memo, the 3 September 2014 guidance from the Secretary of Defense regarding discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) (Hagel Memo), and the 25 July 2018 guidance from the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness regarding equity, injustice, or clemency determinations (Wilkie Memo). The Board also considered an advisory opinion (AO) from a qualified mental health professional, dated 23 March 2023, and your response to the AO.

You entered active duty with the Navy on 15 April 1985. Between 29 July 1985 and 19 December 1985, you received three non-judicial punishments (NJP) for disobeying a lawful order, two specifications of unauthorized absence (UA) totaling 28 days, and missing ship's movement. Subsequently, you were notified of pending administrative separation action by reason of misconduct due to a pattern of misconduct and commission of a serious offense. After waiving your rights, your commanding officer (CO) forwarded your package to the separation authority (SA) recommending an Other Than Honorable (OTH) characterization of service. The SA



approved the CO's recommendation and directed an OTH characterization of service due to a pattern of misconduct. On 3 January 1986, you were so discharged.

The Board carefully considered all potentially mitigating factors to determine whether the interests of justice warrant relief in your case in accordance with the Kurta, Hagel, and Wilkie Memos. These included, but were not limited to your desire to upgrade your discharge and contentions that you were harassment by a Master of Arms during military service, you were falsely accused of misconduct, you went UA based on the harassment, and would like to receive veterans' benefits. For purposes of clemency and equity consideration, the Board noted you did not provide supporting documentation describing post-service accomplishments or advocacy letters.

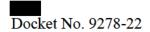
As part of the Board's review, a qualified mental health professional reviewed your request and provided the Board with an AO on 23 March 2023. The AO stated in pertinent part:

That there is no evidence that he was diagnosed with a mental health condition in military service, or that he exhibited any psychological symptoms or behavioral changes indicative of a diagnosable mental health condition. He has provided no medical evidence in support of his claims. Unfortunately, his personal statement is not sufficiently detailed to establish clinical symptoms in service or provide a nexus with his misconduct, particularly as the misconduct listed in his service record is not consistent with the misconduct described in his statement. Additional records (e.g., post-service mental health records describing the Petitioner's diagnosis, symptoms, and their specific link to his misconduct) may aid in rendering an alternate opinion.

The AO concluded, "it is my clinical opinion there is insufficient evidence of a mental health condition that may be attributed to military service. There is insufficient evidence to attribute his misconduct to a mental health condition incurred due to harassment."

In response to the AO, you submitted a personal statement providing additional information regarding the circumstances of your case. After reviewing your response, the AO remained unchanged.

After thorough review, the Board concluded these potentially mitigating factors were insufficient to warrant relief. Specifically, the Board determined your misconduct as evidenced by your three NJPs, outweighed the potential mitigating factors. In making this finding, the Board considered the seriousness and frequency of your misconduct and concluded that your conduct showed a complete disregard for military authority and regulations. Further, the Board considered the likely negative impact your conduct had on the good order and discipline of your command. In addition, the Board concurred with the AO that there is insufficient evidence that your misconduct could be attributed to a mental health condition. The Board agreed with the AO that your statements are not sufficiently detailed to establish clinical symptoms or a nexus with your misconduct. Additionally, the Board noted that there is no evidence in your record, and you submitted none, to support your contentions. Finally, absent a material error or injustice, the Board declined to summarily upgrade a discharge solely for the purpose of facilitating veterans'



benefits, or enhancing educational or employment opportunities. As a result, the Board concluded your conduct constituted a significant departure from that expected of a service member and continues to warrant an OTH characterization. Even in light of the Wilkie Memo and reviewing the record holistically, the Board did not find evidence of an error or injustice that warrants granting you the relief you requested or granting relief as a matter of clemency or equity. Accordingly, given the totality of the circumstances, the Board determined that your request does not merit relief.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

