

A review of your record indicates you served on active duty from 24 March 2003 through 23 March 2008. Thereafter, you transferred to the IRR to complete your military service obligation on 24 March 2008 and remained in the IRR through 29 December 2008. On 30 December 2008, you enlisted in the Marine Corps for a term 4 years and subsequently extended the enlistment for 12-months "to reach ECFC [enlisted career force controls] for current rank." You married your spouse on 27 March 2011 and had two additional children on 12 September 2011 and 2 February 2013. Your Physical Evaluation Board case was accepted on 26 September 2013, and you requested to transfer unused education benefits to your spouse and the aforementioned 2-children on 29 October 2013 at the time you only had 9 years and 10 months of qualifying service in the Armed Forces, thus the Service rejected your TEB application indicating you had not committed to the required additional service time. You transferred to the Permanent Disability Retired List on 29 November 2013 with 9 years and 11 months total active duty service, thereby ineligible to transfer Post-9/11 GI Bill education benefits. Conversely, the Board recommended you contact the Department of Veterans Affairs to determine eligibility criteria for the Dependents' Educational Assistance program.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

Sincerely, _____

3/28/2023

Deputy Director

Signed by: _____