

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS 701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001 ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

> Docket No. 2059-23 Ref: Signature Date



Dear :

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Section 1552 of Title 10, United States Code. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

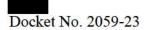
Although your application was not filed in a timely manner, the Board found it in the interest of justice to waive the statute of limitations and consider your case on its merits. A three-member panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 4 May 2023. The names and votes of the members of the panel will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application, together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies.

In accordance with MCO P1900.16B published on 23 March 1978, the Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty DD Form 214 (MC) will be prepared and physically delivered to Marines upon release from a period of active duty for training of 90 days or more.

On 18 November 1977, you enlisted in the U.S. Marine Corps Reserve for 6 years with an Expiration of Obligated Service (EOS) of 17 November 1983.

On _____, you arrived to Officer Candidates School (OCS) for active duty for training in the Platoon Leaders Class Program (Juniors), and departed on _____, you arrived to OCS for active duty for training in the Platoon Leaders Class (PLC) Program (Seniors), and departed on _____.

On 22 August 1980, you signed a United States Marine Corps Appointment Acceptance and Record (NAVMC 763) in the U.S. Marine Corps Reserve as a Second Lieutenant under the PLCGND program. Furthermore, under prior service it listed a period of 18 November 1977 to 21 August 1980 as an Officer Candidate.



On 22 August 1980, you arrived to The instruction.

for temporary duty under

You were discharged with an Honorable character of service and were issued a DD Form 214 for the period of 22 August 1980 to 15 April 1981 due to Resignation of Reserve Commission. Furthermore, a Correction to DD Form 214 Report of Separation from Active Duty (DD Form 215 MC) was published addressing items 6 (Place of entry into active duty), 12a (Date entered active duty this period), 12c (Net active service this period), 12e (Total prior inactive service), and 17 (Days accrued leave paid).

You requested to correct items 6 (Place of entry into active duty), 12a (Date entered active duty this period), 12c (Net active service this period), 12d (Total prior active service), 12e (Total prior inactive service), and 17 (Days accrued leave paid) on your DD Form 214. The Board, in its review of your entire record and application, carefully weighed all potentially mitigating factors, to include your assertions. However, the Board concluded that the DD Form 215 that you provided shows the corrections that you requested, except for total prior active service. You assert that total prior active service needs to be recalculated to include service for your PLC courses that are listed in block 14 (Military Education) of your DD Form 214. While you were in the PLC Program, you were considered in the Marine Corps Reserves on Active Duty for Training. As such, the time you served in the PLC Program is not counted as prior active service.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

