



better serve through a civilian occupation related to your ASVAB test qualifications, and (d) you were reassigned to a different division the date you arrived in boot camp, which led you to be unprepared. For purposes of clemency and equity consideration, the Board noted you did not provide supporting documentation describing post-service accomplishments or advocacy letters.

After thorough review, the Board concluded these potentially mitigating factors were insufficient to warrant relief. Specifically, the Board determined that you were appropriately processed and discharged by reason of erroneous entry based on your preexisting drug and alcohol dependency. Further, since you were notified of the initiation of your separation only 42 days after entering active service, the Board concluded you were properly assigned an uncharacterized entry-level separation. Applicable regulations authorize an uncharacterized character of service if the processing of an individual's separation begins within 180 days of the individual's entry on active service. As a result, the Board determined there was insufficient evidence of error or injustice to change your uncharacterized entry-level separation or narrative reason for separation. Accordingly, given the totality of the circumstances, the Board determined that your request does not merit relief.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon the submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

Sincerely,

4/19/2023

