

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS

701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001 ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

> Docket No. 6952-23 Ref: Signature Date



Dear Petitioner:

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Section 1552 of Title 10, United States Code. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

Although your application was not filed in a timely manner, the Board found it in the interest of justice to waive the statute of limitations and consider your application on its merits. A threemember panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your reconsideration application on 3 November 2023. The names and votes of the panel members will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of the Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record, and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies, to include the 25 July 2018 guidance from the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness regarding equity, injustice or clemency determinations (Wilkie Memo).

You enlisted in the U.S. Marine Corps and began a period of active duty service on 15 February 1983. Your pre-enlistment physical examination, on 14 January 1983, and self-reported medical history both noted no psychiatric or neurologic issues or symptoms.

On 16 November 1983, you commenced a period of unauthorized absence (UA) that terminated after twenty-two (22) days on or about 8 December 1983. On 20 December 1983, you submitted a voluntary written request for an administrative discharge under Other Than Honorable conditions (OTH) for the good of the service to escape court-martial for: (a) two UA offenses, one of which included your 22-day UA, and (b) the wrongful use of marijuana during October 1983. Prior to submitting this voluntary discharge request you conferred with a qualified military lawyer, at which time you were advised of your rights and warned of the probable adverse consequences of accepting such a discharge. You voluntarily admitted you were guilty

of your charged misconduct, and you acknowledged that if your request was approved, your characterization of service will be OTH without referral or consideration by an administrative separation board. You acknowledged and understood the adverse nature of an OTH discharge and the potential life-long adverse consequences of receiving such a characterization. Ultimately, on 12 January 1984, you were separated from the Marine Corps with an OTH discharge characterization and assigned an RE-3B reentry code.

The Board carefully considered all potentially mitigating factors to determine whether the interests of justice warrant relief in your case in accordance with the Wilkie Memo. These included, but were not limited to, your desire for a discharge upgrade and contentions that: (a) you were young and immature but have matured a lot over the years, (b) you go to Clean Slate which is a place that keeps you clean, (c) when you were young you let people influence you to do drugs, (d) but as the years have gone by you have learned from your mistakes, (e) you have a lot to live for now, but you wished you would have done this a long time ago, and (f) what counts is that you are good now. For purposes of clemency and equity consideration, the Board you did not provide documentation describing post-service accomplishments or advocacy letters.

After thorough review, the Board concluded these potentially mitigating factors were insufficient to warrant relief. The Board did not believe that your record was otherwise so meritorious as to deserve a discharge upgrade. The Board concluded that significant negative aspects of your conduct and/or performance greatly outweighed any positive aspects of your military record. The Board determined that illegal drug use by a Marine is contrary to Marine Corps core values and policy, renders such Marines unfit for duty, and poses an unnecessary risk to the safety of their fellow Marines. The Board also noted that marijuana use in any form is still against current Department of Defense regulations and not permitted for recreational use while serving in the military. The Board determined that characterization under OTH conditions is generally warranted for misconduct and is appropriate when the basis for separation is the commission of an act or acts constituting a significant departure from the conduct expected of a Marine. The simple fact remains is in addition to your drug abuse you left the Marine Corps while you were still contractually obligated to serve and you went into a UA status without any legal justification or excuse for twenty-two (22) days. The Board determined that the record clearly reflected your misconduct was intentional and willful and indicated you were unfit for further service. Moreover, the Board noted that the evidence of record did not demonstrate that you were not mentally responsible for your conduct or that you should not otherwise be held accountable for your actions.

As a result, the Board determined that there was no impropriety or inequity in your discharge, and the Board concluded that your misconduct and disregard for good order in discipline clearly merited your discharge. While the Board commends your recent sobriety and good conduct, even in light of the Wilkie Memo and reviewing the record holistically, the Board did not find evidence of an error or injustice that warrants granting you the relief you requested or granting relief as a matter of clemency or equity. Accordingly, given the totality of the circumstances, the Board determined that your request does not merit relief.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

Sincerely,

1	1/8/2023	
Executive Director		
Signed by:		