IN THE CASE OF:

BOARD DATE: 11 October 2023

DOCKET NUMBER: AR20230003250

<u>APPLICANT REQUESTS:</u> in effect, an upgrade of his under other than honorable conditions discharge.

APPLICANT'S SUPPORTING DOCUMENT(S) CONSIDERED BY THE BOARD:

- DD Form 293 (Application for the Review of Discharge from the Armed Forces of the United States)
- DD Form 214 (Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty)

FACTS:

- 1. The applicant did not file within the 3-year time frame provided in Title 10, U.S. Code, section 1552(b); however, the Army Board for Correction of Military Records (ABCMR) conducted a substantive review of this case and determined it is in the interest of justice to excuse the applicant's failure to timely file.
- 2. The applicant states he served his time, and he deserves his benefits.
- 3. The applicant provides a copy of his DD Form 214, effective 5 April 1989, to be referenced in the service record.
- 4. A review of the applicant's service record shows:
 - a. He enlisted in the Regular Army on 6 July 1977.
- b. On 29 December 1988, the applicant accepted nonjudicial punishment for violation of Article 112a of the UCMJ as a result of testing positive for THC. His punishment included reduction to the grade of E-4 and extra duty for 30 days. He did not appeal the Article 15 nor demand trial by court-martial.
- c. A DA Form 458 (Charge Sheet) shows court-martial charges were preferred on the applicant on 26 January 1989 for two specifications of wrongfully using marijuana between on or about 6 November 1988 and 5 December 1988.

- d. On 3 March 1989, he requested a discharge for the good of the service under the provisions of chapter 10, Army Regulation (AR) 635-200 (Personnel Separations Enlisted Personnel). He acknowledged:
 - he does not desire further rehabilitation or further military service
 - he is guilty of all changes or of a lesser included offense
 - if his request for discharge was accepted, he may be discharged under other than honorable conditions and furnished an undesirable discharge certificate
 - he would be deprived of many or all Army benefits and he may be ineligible for many or all benefits administered by the Veterans Administration
 - he may be deprived of his rights and benefits as a Veteran under both Federal and State laws
 - he may expect to encounter substantial prejudice in civilian life
- e. On 28 March 1989, consistent with the chain of command recommendations, the separation approval authority approved the applicant's request for discharge for the good of the service under the provisions of chapter 10, AR 635-200. He would be issued an Under Other Than Honorable Conditions Discharge Certificate and reduced to the lowest enlisted pay grade.
- f. Orders 62-4, dated 31 March 1989, discharged the applicant from the Regular Army with an effective date of 5 April 1989.
- g. On 5 April 1989, he was discharged from active duty with an under other than honorable conditions characterization of service. His DD Form 214 shows he completed 11 years and 9 months of active service with no lost time. He was assigned separation code JFS and the narrative reason for separation "For the Good of the Service," with reentry code RE-3.
- 5. There is no evidence the applicant has applied to the Army Discharge Review Board for review of his discharge within that board's 15-year statute of limitations.
- 6. By regulation (AR 635-5), the DD Form 214 is a summary of the Soldier's most recent period of continuous active duty. It provides a brief, clear-cut record of all current active, prior active, and prior inactive duty service at the time of release from active duty, retirement, or discharge. The information entered thereon reflects the conditions as they existed at the time of separation.
- 7. By regulation (AR 635-200), an individual who has committed an offense or offenses, the punishment for which, includes a bad conduct or dishonorable discharge, may submit a request for discharge for the good of the service. An Under Other than Honorable Discharge Certificate normally is appropriate for a member who is discharged in lieu of trial by court-martial.

8. In reaching its determination, the Board can consider the applicant's petition and his service record in accordance with the published equity, injustice, or clemency determination guidance.

BOARD DISCUSSION:

- 1. After reviewing the application, all supporting documents, and the evidence found within the military record, the Board found that partial relief was warranted. The Board carefully considered the applicant's record of service, documents submitted in support of the petition and executed a comprehensive and standard review based on law, policy and regulation, and published Department of Defense guidance for liberal and clemency determinations requests for upgrade of his characterization of service. Upon review of the applicant's petition and available military records, the Board found insufficient evidence of in-service mitigating factors to overcome the misconduct. The Board noted, the applicant provided insufficient evidence of post service achievements or character letters of support attesting to his honorable conduct in support of a clemency determination.
- 2. However, during deliberation, the Board determined the applicant had prior periods of honorable service which is not currently reflected on his DD Form 214 and recommended that change be completed to more accurately show his periods of honorable service by granting partial relief.

BOARD VOTE:

Mbr 1 Mbr 2 Mbr 3

: : GRANT FULL RELIEF

GRANT PARTIAL RELIEF

: : GRANT FORMAL HEARING

: : DENY APPLICATION

BOARD DETERMINATION/RECOMMENDATION:

- 1. The Board determined the evidence presented is sufficient to warrant a recommendation for partial relief. As a result, the Board recommends that all Department of the Army records of the individual concerned be corrected by adding the following additional statement to item 18 (Remarks) of his DD Form 214 for the period ending 5 April 1989 to show
 - SOLDIER HAS COMPLETED FIRST FULL TERM OF SERVICE
 - CONTINUOUS HONORABLE ACTIVE SERVICE FROM 19770706 UNTIL 19980819
- 2. The Board further determined the evidence presented is insufficient to warrant a portion of the requested relief. As a result, the Board recommends denial of so much of the application that pertains to an upgrade of his under other than honorable conditions discharge.



I certify that herein is recorded the true and complete record of the proceedings of the Army Board for Correction of Military Records in this case.

REFERENCES:

- 1. Title 10, U.S. Code, section 1552(b), provides that applications for correction of military records must be filed within 3 years after discovery of the alleged error or injustice. This provision of law also allows the ABCMR to excuse an applicant's failure to timely file within the 3-year statute of limitations if the ABCMR determines it would be in the interest of justice to do so.
- 2. Army Regulation 635-5 (Separation Documents) states the DD Form 214 is a summary of the Soldier's most recent period of continuous active duty. It provides a brief, clear-cut record of all current active, prior active, and prior inactive duty service at the time of release from active duty, retirement, or discharge. The information entered thereon reflects the conditions as they existed at the time of separation.

- 3. Army Regulation 635-200 (Personnel Separations Enlisted Personnel), in effect at the time, sets forth the basic authority for the separation of enlisted personnel.
- a. Paragraph 1-9d (Honorable Discharge) states an honorable discharge is a separation with honor. Issuance of an honorable discharge will be conditioned upon proper military behavior and proficient performance of duty during the member's current enlistment of current period of service with due consideration for the member's age, length of service, grade, and general aptitude.
- b. Paragraph 1-9e (General Discharge) states a general discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions of an individual whose military record is not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.
- c. Chapter 10 of this regulation states an individual who has committed an offense or offenses, the punishment for which, includes a bad conduct or dishonorable discharge, may submit a request for discharge for the good of the service. An undesirable discharge certificate will normally be furnished an individual who is discharged for the good of the service.
- 4. On 25 July 2018, the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness issued guidance to Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records (BCM/NRs) regarding equity, injustice, or clemency determinations. Clemency generally refers to relief specifically granted from a criminal sentence. BCM/NRs may grant clemency regardless of the type of court-martial. However, the guidance applies to more than clemency from a sentencing in a courtmartial; it also applies to other corrections, including changes in a discharge, which may be warranted based on equity or relief from injustice. This guidance does not mandate relief, but rather provides standards and principles to guide Boards in application of their equitable relief authority. In determining whether to grant relief based on equity, injustice, or clemency grounds, BCM/NRs shall consider the prospect for rehabilitation, external evidence, sworn testimony, policy changes, relative severity of misconduct, mental and behavioral health conditions, official governmental acknowledgement that a relevant error or injustice was committed, and uniformity of punishment. Changes to the narrative reason for discharge and/or an upgraded character of service granted solely on equity, injustice, or clemency grounds normally should not result in separation pay, retroactive promotions, and payment of past medical expenses or similar benefits that might have been received if the original discharge had been for the revised reason or had the upgraded service characterization.

//NOTHING FOLLOWS//