

ARMY BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF MILITARY RECORDS

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

IN THE CASE OF: [REDACTED]

BOARD DATE: 28 February 2025

DOCKET NUMBER: AR20240007119

APPLICANT REQUESTS:

- Upgrade of his under other than honorable conditions (UOTHC) discharge to honorable
- Restoration of his rank to specialist/E4 (SPC)

APPLICANT'S SUPPORTING DOCUMENT(S) CONSIDERED BY THE BOARD:

- DD Form 149 (Application for Correction of Military Record)
- DD Form 293 (Application for the Review of Discharge)
- DD Form 214 (Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty)
- Findings

FACTS:

1. The applicant did not file within the 3-year time frame provided in Title 10, U.S. Code, section 1552(b); however, the Army Board for Correction of Military Records (ABCMR) conducted a substantive review of this case and determined it is in the interest of justice to excuse the applicant's failure to timely file.
2. The applicant states he is looking for an upgrade of his discharge because his discharge was based on a legal battle he has since won. He is also requesting his rank be restored to SPC. He has anxiety towards any government program and had a lack of information regarding fixing his discharge.
3. The applicant provides a document, which states "as to Count I, we, the jury, find the defendant [the applicant] not guilty" and "as to Count II, we the jury find the defendant [the applicant] not guilty." There is no indication what he was charged with and found not guilty of.
4. The applicant's service record shows:
 - a. He enlisted in the Regular Army and entered Active Duty on 17 September 2012.

b. On 27 May 2015, his commander notified the applicant, when he was in the rank of Private First Class, that he was initiating separation of the applicant due to serious misconduct in that he had sexually assaulted K- C. H-. On the same day, the applicant acknowledged receipt of the initiation of separation.

c. On 10 June 2015, after consulting with appointed counsel regarding his rights and the consequences of the separation, he unconditionally waived consideration of his case by an administrative separation board and declined to submit statements in his own behalf.

d. On 10 July 2015, after considering the chain of command recommendations and the applicant's unconditional waiver of his right to an administrative separation board, the appropriate approval authority approved the separation, directed the applicant be reduced to the rank of private/E1, and issued him an UOTHC discharge. The entire separation packet is available for the Board's review.

e. On 22 July 2015, the applicant was discharged accordingly. The narrative reason for separation was misconduct (serious offense), his character of service was UOTHC, his separation code was JKQ, and his reentry code was RE-3.

BOARD DISCUSSION:

1. After reviewing the application, all supporting documents, and the evidence found within the military record, the Board found that relief was not warranted. The Board carefully considered the applicant's request, supporting documents, evidence in the records, and published Department of Defense guidance for liberal consideration of discharge upgrade requests. The Board considered the applicant's statement and record of service, the frequency and nature of the applicant's misconduct and the reason for separation. The Board determined there was no error or injustice in the characterization of service he received at the time of his discharge and denied relief.

2. Based on the applicant's characterization of service of under other than honorable conditions and in accordance with regulatory guidance, he was reduced to the lowest enlisted grade. The Board concluded the applicant provided insufficient evidence to support reinstating the applicant's rank.

BOARD VOTE:

Mbr 1 Mbr 2 Mbr 3

:	:	:	GRANT FULL RELIEF
:	:	:	GRANT PARTIAL RELIEF
:	:	:	GRANT FORMAL HEARING
:XX	:XX	:XX	DENY APPLICATION

BOARD DETERMINATION/RECOMMENDATION:

The evidence presented does not demonstrate the existence of a probable error or injustice. Therefore, the Board determined the overall merits of this case are insufficient as a basis for correction of the records of the individual concerned.

X //SIGNED//

CHAIRPERSON
Signed by:

I certify that herein is recorded the true and complete record of the proceedings of the Army Board for Correction of Military Records in this case.

REFERENCES:

1. Title 10, U.S. Code, section 1552(b), provides that applications for correction of military records must be filed within 3 years after discovery of the alleged error or injustice. This provision of law also allows the ABCMR to excuse an applicant's failure to timely file within the 3-year statute of limitations if the ABCMR determines it would be in the interest of justice to do so.

2. Army Regulation 635-200 (Active Duty Enlisted Administrative Separations) prescribed the policy for enlisted separations.

a. An honorable discharge is a separation with honor and entitles a Soldier to full Federal rights and benefits provided by law. The honorable characterization is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.

b. A general discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions. When authorized, it is issued to a Soldier whose military record is satisfactory but not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.

c. A discharge under other than honorable conditions is an administrative separation from the Service under conditions other than honorable. It may be issued in lieu of trial by court martial.

d. Chapter 14 of the regulation dealt with separation for various types of misconduct. The issuance of a discharge under other than honorable conditions (UOTHC) was normally considered appropriate for separations under the provisions of chapter 14. In a case in which an UOTHC is authorized by regulation, a member may be awarded an honorable or general discharge, if during the current enlistment period of obligated service, he has been awarded a personal decoration or if warranted by the particular circumstances of a specific case. Paragraph 14-12c provided for the separation of a Soldier due to commission of a serious military or civil offense if the specific circumstances of the offense warrant separation and a punitive discharge would be authorized for the same or a closely related offense under the Manual for Court-Martial.

3. Army Regulation 635-5-1 (Personnel Separations – Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes), in effect at the time, prescribes the specific authorities, reasons for separating Soldiers from active duty, and the SPD codes to be entered on DD Form 214. It shows code JKQ is used for discharge for misconduct (serious offense).

4. Army Regulation 601-210 (Regular Army and Reserve Components Enlistment Program) table 3-1 (U.S. Army reentry eligibility codes) states:

a. RE-1: Applies to: Person completing his or her term of active service who is considered qualified to reenter the U.S. Army.

b. RE-3: Applies to: Person who is not considered fully qualified for reentry or continuous service at time of separation or disqualification is waiverable.

c. RE-4: Applies to: Person separated from last period of service with a nonwaiverable disqualification.

d. RE-4R: Applies to: A person who retired for length of service with 15 or more years active federal service.

5. On 25 July 2018, the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness issued guidance to Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records (BCM/NRs) regarding equity, injustice, or clemency determinations. Clemency generally refers to relief specifically granted from a criminal sentence. BCM/NRs may grant clemency regardless of the type of court-martial. However, the guidance applies to more than clemency from a sentencing in a court-martial; it also applies to other corrections, including changes in a discharge, which may be warranted based on equity or relief from injustice.

a. This guidance does not mandate relief, but rather provides standards and principles to guide Boards in application of their equitable relief authority. In determining whether to grant relief on the basis of equity, injustice, or clemency grounds, BCM/NRs shall consider the prospect for rehabilitation, external evidence, sworn testimony, policy changes, relative severity of misconduct, mental and behavioral health conditions, official governmental acknowledgement that a relevant error or injustice was committed, and uniformity of punishment.

b. Changes to the narrative reason for discharge and/or an upgraded character of service granted solely on equity, injustice, or clemency grounds normally should not result in separation pay, retroactive promotions, and payment of past medical expenses or similar benefits that might have been received if the original discharge had been for the revised reason or had the upgraded service characterization.

//NOTHING FOLLOWS//