

ARMY BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF MILITARY RECORDS

RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS

IN THE CASE OF: [REDACTED]

BOARD DATE: 23 April 2025

DOCKET NUMBER: AR20240011742

APPLICANT REQUESTS: issuance of a DD Form 214 (Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty) to reflect attendance at Basic Combat Training (BCT) from 13 June 1988 – 12 August 1988.

APPLICANT'S SUPPORTING DOCUMENT(S) CONSIDERED BY THE BOARD:

- DD Form 149 (Application for Correction of Military Record)
- DD Form 214 – service on active duty from 28 June 1989 – 1 September 1989
- DD Form 214 – service on active duty from 5 February 1993 – 15 April 1994
- DD Form 220 (Active Duty Report), 12 August 1988 – service on active duty from 13 June 1988 - 12 August 1988
- Orders Number 086-15, 5 May 1988 – ordered to Initial Active-Duty Training (IADT) for a period of approximately 8 weeks to complete initial "split training"; 13 June 1988 report date
- Department of Veterans Affairs Rating Decision, 10 June 2024 – reflective of the applicant's rated disabling conditions

FACTS:

1. The applicant did not file within the 3-year time frame provided in Title 10, U.S. Code, section 1552(b); however, the Army Board for Correction of Military Records (ABCMR) conducted a substantive review of this case and determined it is in the interest of justice to excuse the applicant's failure to timely file.

2. The applicant states in pertinent part that:

- attended BCT in June 1988
- issued a DD Form 214 upon being discharged from the Army; however, the document is void of her BCT attendance
- issued a DD Form 220 that reflects her BCT attendance from 13 June 1988 – 12 August 1988

3. A review of the applicant's available service records reflects the following:

- On or about 5 May 1988 – the applicant enlisted in the U.S. Army Reserve (USAR) under the split training option
- On 13 June 1988 - -the applicant was ordered to IADT at Fort Jackson, SC for the completion of initial "split training"; period of approximately 8 weeks; return home no later than 10 September 1988
- On 12 August 1988 – the applicant was released from active duty; calculated as 2 months of active duty
- On 28 June 1989 – the applicant was ordered to active duty for the completion of Advanced Individual Training
- On 1 September 1989 – the applicant was released from active duty; DD Form 214 reflects the following:
  - item 12a. (Date Entered Active Duty this Period) – 28 June 1989
  - item 12b. (Separation Date this Period) – 1 September 1989
  - item 12c. (Net Active Service this Period) – 2 months and 4 days
  - item 12d. (Total Prior Active Service) – 2 months
- On 21 December 1992 - -the applicant was appointed a Reserve commission
- On 5 February 1993 – the applicant was ordered to active duty
- On 25 March 1994 (Orders Number D58-24) – discharged the applicant from the USAR, effective 15 April 1994, with entitlement to disability severance pay; DD Form 214 reflects the following:
  - item 12a; – 5 February 1993
  - item 12b; – 15 April 1994
  - item 12c; – 1 year, 2 months, and 11 days
  - item 12d; – 2 months and 4 days

#### BOARD DISCUSSION:

1. After reviewing the application, all supporting documents, and the evidence found within the military record, the Board found that relief was not warranted. The Board carefully considered the applicant's record of service, documents submitted in support of the petition and executed a comprehensive and standard review based on law, policy and regulation. Upon review of the applicant's petition, available military records, the Board determined the applicant per regulatory guidance received a DD Form 220 (Active Duty Report) stating that a Soldier enlisted under the USAR Split Training Program and the ARNGUS Alternate Training Program, will receive two copies of this form when he or she completes the Basic Training portion.
2. The Board determined there is insufficient evidence to support the applicant's contention for issuance of a DD Form 214 (Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty) to reflect attendance at Basic Combat Training (BCT) from

13 June 1988 – 12 August 1988. Evidence shows the applicant in accordance with regulatory guidance received her DD Form 214 upon completion of her IET. Based on regulatory guidance, the Board found no error that warrants issuance of a DD Form 214 for completion of her basic training portion. As such, the Board denied relief.

BOARD VOTE:

Mbr 1    Mbr 2    Mbr 3

:	:	:	GRANT FULL RELIEF
:	:	:	GRANT PARTIAL RELIEF
:	:	:	GRANT FORMAL HEARING
■	■	■	DENY APPLICATION

BOARD DETERMINATION/RECOMMENDATION:

Except for the correction addressed in Administrative Note(s) below, the Board found the evidence presented does not demonstrate the existence of a probable error or injustice. Therefore, the Board determined the overall merits of this case are insufficient as a basis for correction of the records of the individual concerned.

I certify that herein is recorded the true and complete record of the proceedings of the Army Board for Correction of Military Records in this case.

ADMINISTRATIVE NOTE(S):

1. Reference the enclosed request for correction of military records from the subject individual to correct the following item(s) of the applicant's DD Form 214 for the period ending 15 April 1994:

- item 12d. (Total Prior Active Service) to reflect "4 months 4 days" instead of "2 months 4 days"

2. The following documents are sufficient to justify correction of the DD Form 214 without action by the Board.

- DD Form 214 for the period ending 1 September 1989
- DD Form 220 (Active Duty Report)

3. Amend the applicant's DD Form 214 to show the correction in paragraph 1, provide the applicant a copy of the correction, and record the correction in the applicant's official military personnel record.

REFERENCES:

1. Title 10, U.S. Code, section 1552(b), provides that applications for correction of military records must be filed within 3 years after discovery of the alleged error or injustice. This provision of law also allows the ABCMR to excuse an applicant's failure to timely file within the 3-year statute of limitations if the ABCMR determines it would be in the interest of justice to do so.
2. Army Regulation (AR) 635-5 (Separation Documents) provides policies and procedures regarding separation documents.
  - a. Paragraph 2-1 (Preparing the DD Form 214) provides that a DD Form 214 is a summary of a soldier's most recent period of continuous active duty. It provides a brief, clearcut record of active-duty service at the time of release from active duty, retirement, or discharge. The DD Form 214 is not intended to have any legal effect on termination of a Soldier's service. A DD Form 214 will be issued to Reserve Component Soldiers completing initial ADT that results in the award of a military occupational specialty (MOS), even when the active-duty period was less than 90 days. This includes completion of advanced individual training (AIT) under ARNGUS Alternate Training Program or USAR Split Training Program.
  - b. Paragraph 2-4 (Completing the DD Form 214) provides that DD Form 214, item 12d. (Total Prior Active Service) will reflect the total amount of prior active military service.
  - c. Paragraph 2-9 (DD Form 220 (Active Duty Report)) provides that a Soldier enlisted under the USAR Split Training Program and the ARNGUS Alternate Training

Program, will receive two copies of this form when he or she completes the Basic Training portion.

//NOTHING FOLLOWS//