1. Applicant's Name:

a. Application Date: 26 April 2021

b. Date Received: 26 April 2021

c. Counsel: None

2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:

a. Applicant's Requests and Issues: The current characterization of service for the period under review is uncharacterized. The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable.

The applicant seeks relief contending, in effect, misconduct or bad conduct was not the reason for the discharge. The applicant developed a personality disorder (bipolar, depression, and OCD) while in service. Since being discharged, the applicant has been married and a parent of three. The applicant completed cosmetology school and is enrolled in Polk State College for an associate degree in business management and would like to continue to earn a bachelor's degree. The applicant does not qualify for the Post 9/11 GI Bill because the discharge is uncharacterized. Getting a stable job, even with a cosmetology license, is challenging because employers ask to see the DD Form 214 and believe the applicant has done something bad. The applicant needs to be able to provide for the family.

b. Board Type and Decision: In a records review conducted on 8 August 2024, and by a 5-0 vote, the Board denied the request upon finding the separation was both proper and equitable.

However, notwithstanding the propriety of the applicant's discharge, the Board found that the applicant's DD Form 214, blocks 25, 26, 27, and 28, contain outdated entries. The Board directed the following administrative corrections and reissue of the applicant's DD Form 214, as approved by the separation authority:

- (a) block 25, separation authority changed to AR 635-200, paragraph 5-14,
- (b) block 26, separation code changed to JFV,
- (c) block 27, reentry code changed to 3,
- (d) block 28, narrative reason for separation changed to Condition, Not a Disability

Please see Section 9 of this document for more detail regarding the Board's decision.

(Board member names available upon request)

3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:

- **a.** Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization: Personality Disorder / AR 635-200, Paragraph 5-13 / JFX / RE-3 / Uncharacterized
 - **b.** Date of Discharge: 7 June 2007
 - c. Separation Facts:
 - (1) Date of Notification of Intent to Separate: 29 May 2007

- (2) Basis for Separation: The applicant was informed of the following reasons: The applicant was evaluated by Behavioral Medicine Division on 3 April 2007 and again on 20 April 2007. The applicant was given a diagnosis of Personality Disorder (dramatic type) and Obsessive Compulsive Disorder. For those reasons, the applicant fit the criteria for chapter 5-13, Personality Disorder for emotional control, behavioral problems and/or physical problems incompatible with military service. Further attempts to train were not justified.
 - (3) Recommended Characterization: Uncharacterized
 - (4) Legal Consultation Date: On 29 May 2007, the applicant waived legal counsel.
 - (5) Administrative Separation Board: NA
 - (6) Separation Decision Date / Characterization: 5 June 2007 / Uncharacterized

4. SERVICE DETAILS:

- a. Date / Period of Enlistment: 3 January 2007 / 5 years
- b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score: 18 / High School Graduate / 91
- c. Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service: E-2 / None / 5 months, 5 days
- d. Prior Service / Characterizations: None
- e. Overseas Service / Combat Service: None
- f. Awards and Decorations: None
- g. Performance Ratings: NA
- h. Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record: Three Developmental Counseling Forms, informing the applicant of being recommended for Separation from the Army under the provisions of AR 635-200, Chapter 5-13 for Personality Disorder.
 - i. Lost Time / Mode of Return: None
 - j. Behavioral Health Condition(s):
 - (1) Applicant provided: None
- **(2) AMHRR Listed:** Report of Mental Status Evaluation (MSE), 3 April 2007, reflects the applicant has the mental capacity to understand and participate in the proceedings; was mentally responsible; met the retention requirements of chapter 3, AR 40-501. The evaluation contains a diagnosis.

Report of Mental Status Evaluation (MSE), 20 April 2007, reflects the applicant has the mental capacity to understand and participate in the proceedings; was mentally responsible; met the retention requirements of chapter 3, AR 40-501. The evaluation contains a diagnosis.

The ARBA's medical advisor reviewed DoD and VA medical records and not solely those documents listed in 4j(1) and (2) above.

- **5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE:** Online Application and Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty.
- **6. Post Service Accomplishments:** The applicant is married and a parent of three. The applicant also completed cosmetology school and is enrolled in Polk State College for an associate degree in business management.

7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):

- **a.** Section 1553, Title 10, United States Code (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s) within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, 10 USC 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge. Further, the guidance provides that Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.
- **b.** Multiple Department of Defense Policy Guidance Memoranda published between 2014 and 2018. The documents are commonly referred to by the signatory authorities' last names (2014 Secretary of Defense Guidance [Hagel memo], 2016 Acting Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Carson memo], 2017 Official Performing the Duties of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Kurta memo], and 2018 Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Wilkie memo].
- (1) Individually and collectively, these documents provide further clarification to the Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharge due to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Liberal consideration will be given to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part on matters relating to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Special consideration will be given to Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) determinations that document a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment potentially contributed to the circumstances resulting in a less than honorable discharge characterization. Special consideration will also be given in cases where a civilian provider confers diagnoses of a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment if the case records contain narratives supporting symptomatology at the time of service or when any other evidence which may reasonably indicate that a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment existed at the time of discharge might have mitigated the misconduct that caused a discharge of lesser characterization.
- (2) Conditions documented in the service record that can reasonably be determined to have existed at the time of discharge will be considered to have existed at the time of discharge. In cases in which a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment may be reasonably determined to have existed at the time of discharge, those conditions will be considered potential mitigating factors in the misconduct that caused the characterization of service in question. All Boards will exercise caution in weighing evidence of mitigation in cases

in which serious misconduct precipitated a discharge with a less than Honorable characterization of service. Potentially mitigating evidence of the existence of undiagnosed combat related PTSD, PTSD-related conditions due to TBI or sexual assault/harassment as causative factors in the misconduct resulting in discharge will be carefully weighed against the severity of the misconduct. PTSD is not a likely cause of premeditated misconduct. Caution shall be exercised in weighing evidence of mitigation in all cases of misconduct by carefully considering the likely causal relationship of symptoms to the misconduct.

- **c.** Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board), sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Section 1553, Title 10 United States Code; and Department of Defense Directive 1332.41 and Instruction 1332.28.
- **d.** Army Regulation 635-200 (Active Duty Enlisted Administrative Separations), provides the basic authority for the separation of enlisted personnel.
- (1) Chapter 3, Section II provides the authorized types of characterization of service or description of separation.
- (2) Paragraph 3-7a states an Honorable discharge is a separation with honor and is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.
- (3) Chapter 5 provides for the basic separation of enlisted personnel for the convenience of the government.
- (4) Paragraph 5-13, in effect at the time, provided that a Soldier may be separated for a personality disorder, not amounting to disability, when the condition interfered with assignment to or performance of duty. The regulation requires that the condition is a deeply ingrained maladaptive pattern of behavior of long duration that interferes with the Soldier's ability to perform military duties. The regulation also directs that commanders will not take action prescribed in this Chapter in lieu of disciplinary action and requires that the disorder is so severe that the Soldier's ability to function in the military environment is significantly impaired. Army policy requires the award of a fully honorable discharge in such case.
- (5) Paragraph 5-13h, stipulates a characterization of a Soldier separated per this paragraph will be characterized as honorable unless an entry-level separation is required under chapter 3, section II. Characterization of service under honorable conditions may be awarded to a Soldier who has been convicted of an offense by general court-martial or who has been convicted by more than one special court-martial in the current enlistment, period of obligated service, or any extension thereof.
- **(6)** Glossary defines entry-level status for RA Soldiers is the first 180 days of continuous AD or the first 180 days of continuous AD following a break of more than 92 days of active military service.
- **e.** Army Regulation 635-5-1 (Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes), in effect at the time, provided the specific authorities (regulatory or directive), reasons for separating Soldiers from active duty, and the SPD codes to be entered on the DD Form 214. It identified the SPD

code of "JFX" as the appropriate code to assign enlisted Soldiers who were discharged under the provisions of Army Regulation 635-200, Chapter 5-13, personality disorder.

- **f.** Army Regulation 601-210 (Regular Army and Reserve Components Enlistment Program), governs eligibility criteria, policies, and procedures for enlistment and processing of persons into the Regular Army, the U.S. Army Reserve, and Army National Guard for enlistment per DODI 1304.26. It also prescribes the appointment, reassignment, management, and mobilization of Reserve Officers' Training Corps cadets under the Simultaneous Membership Program. Chapter 4 provides the criteria and procedures for waiverable and nonwaiverable separations. Table 3-1, defines reentry eligibility (RE) codes: RE-3 Applies to: Person who is not considered fully qualified for reentry or continuous service at time of separation, but disqualification is waiverable. Eligibility: Ineligible unless a waiver is granted.
- **8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S):** The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.

The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable. The applicant's Army Military Human Resources Record (AMHRR), the issues, and documents submitted with the application were carefully reviewed.

Evidence in the applicant's Army Military Human Resource Record (AMHRR) confirms the applicant was diagnosed by a competent medical authority with a personality disorder: Personality Disorder (dramatic type) and Obsessive Compulsive Disorder.

The applicant contends the discharge was not due to misconduct or bad conduct. The applicant developed a personality disorder while in service. The applicant did not submit any evidence, other than the applicant's statement, to support the contention. The AMHRR shows the applicant underwent a Mental Status Evaluation (MSE) on 3 April 2007, which reflects the applicant has the mental capacity to understand and participate in the proceedings; was mentally responsible; met the retention requirements of chapter 3, AR 40-501. The evaluation contains a diagnosis. A Report of Mental Status Evaluation (MSE), 20 April 2007, reflects the applicant has the mental capacity to understand and participate in the proceedings; was mentally responsible; met the retention requirements of chapter 3, AR 40-501. The evaluation contains a diagnosis. The two MSE's were considered by the Separation Authority.

The applicant contends an upgrade would allow educational benefits through the GI Bill. Eligibility for veteran's benefits to include educational benefits under the Post-9/11 or Montgomery GI Bill does not fall within the purview of the Army Discharge Review Board. Accordingly, the applicant should contact a local office of the Department of Veterans Affairs for further assistance.

The applicant contends an upgrade of the discharge will allow the applicant to obtain better employment. The Board does not grant relief to gain employment or enhance employment opportunities.

The applicant is married and a parent of three. The applicant also completed cosmetology school and is enrolled in Polk State College for an associate degree in business management. The Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to consider post-service factors in the recharacterization of a discharge. No law or regulation provides for the upgrade of an unfavorable discharge based solely on the passage of time or good conduct in civilian life after leaving the service. The Board reviews each discharge on a case-by-case basis to determine if post-service accomplishments help demonstrate previous in-service misconduct was an aberration and not indicative of the member's overall character.

9. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:

- **a.** As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:
- (1) Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **No.** The Board's Medical Advisor, a voting member, reviewed the applicant's DOD and VA health records, applicant's statement, and/or civilian provider documentation and found evidence of BH conditions to include in service diagnoses of an Adjustment Disorder and Obsessive Compulsive Disorder, as well as a service connection by the VA for Bipolar Disorder. While there are BH conditions, there is no misconduct associated with the applicant's discharge to potentially excuse or mitigate. The applicant was separated for a Personality Disorder in accordance with the separation regulations at the time.
 - (2) Did the condition exist or experience occur during military service? N/A
 - (3) Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? N/A
 - (4) Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? N/A
 - **b.** Response to Contention(s):
- (1) The applicant contends the discharge was not due to misconduct or bad conduct. The applicant developed a personality disorder while in service. The Board liberally considered this contention but determined that the applicant's personality disorder does not mitigate or excuse the applicant's discharge as the discharge was actioned for that purpose and done in accordance with regulation.
- (2) The applicant contends an upgrade would allow educational benefits through the GI Bill. The Board considered this contention and determined that eligibility for Veteran's benefits, to include educational benefits under the Post-9/11 or Montgomery GI Bill, healthcare or VA loans, do not fall within the purview of the Army Discharge Review Board. Accordingly, the applicant should contact a local office of the Department of Veterans Affairs for further assistance.
- (3) The applicant contends an upgrade of the discharge will allow the applicant to obtain better employment. The Board considered this contention but does not grant relief to gain employment or enhance employment opportunities.
- (4) The applicant is married and a parent of three. The applicant also completed cosmetology school and is enrolled in Polk State College for an associate degree in business management. The Board considered the applicant's post-service accomplishments but did not find that these achievements excuse or mitigate the applicant's Uncharacterized characterization of service.
- **c.** The Board determined that the discharge is, at this time, proper and equitable, in light of the current evidence of record. The applicant has exhausted all available appeal options available with ADRB. However, the applicant may still apply to the Army Board for Correction of Military Records. The applicant is responsible for satisfying the burden of proof and providing documents or other evidence sufficient to support the applicant's contention(s) that the discharge was improper or inequitable.

d. Rationale for Decision:

- (1) The Board voted not to change the applicant's characterization of service because there were no mitigating factors for the Board to consider. Since the applicant was discharged for due to a Personality Disorder found to be incompatible with military service, Uncharacterized is proper and equitable. The discharge was consistent with the procedural and substantive requirements of the regulation, was within the discretion of the separation authority, and the applicant was provided full administrative due process.
- (2) The Board voted to change the reason for discharge to Condition, Not a Disability due to a change in AR 635-200 moving Ch. 5-13 discharges under Ch. 5-14. The SPD code associated with the new reason for discharge is JFV.
- (3) The RE code will not change, as the current code is consistent with the procedural and substantive requirements of the regulation.

10. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:

a. Issue a New DD-214: Yes

b. Change Characterization to: No Change

c. Change Reason / SPD Code to: Condition, Not a Disability / JFV

d. Change RE Code to: No Change

e. Change Authority to: AR 635-200

Authenticating Official:

8/13/2024

AWOL - Absent Without Leave AMHRR – Army Military Human Resource Record BCD - Bad Conduct Discharge BH - Behavioral Health CG – Company Grade Article 15 CID - Criminal Investigation

Division ELS – Entry Level Status

FG - Field Grade Article 15

GD - General Discharge

HS - High School HD - Honorable Discharge

IADT - Initial Active Duty Training MP – Military Police

MST - Military Sexual Trauma

N/A - Not applicable

NCO - Noncommissioned Officer

NIF - Not in File

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified

OAD – Ordered to Active Duty OBH (I) – Other Behavioral

Health (Issues)
OMPF – Official Military Personnel File

PTSD - Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder

RE – Re-entry SCM – Summary Court Martial SPCM – Special Court Martial

SPD - Separation Program Designator

TBI - Traumatic Brain Injury UNC - Uncharacterized

Discharge

UOTHC - Under Other Than Honorable Conditions VA - Department of Veterans

Affairs