1. Applicant's Name:

a. Application Date: 26 April 2021

b. Date Received: 26 April 2021

c. Counsel: None

#### 2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:

**a. Applicant's Requests and Issues:** The current characterization of service for the period under review is general (under honorable conditions). The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable.

The applicant seeks relief contending, in effect, returning from Iraq and having mental issues which were untreated. The applicant requested help with the issues the applicant was experiencing and was denied treatment. The applicant turned to drugs and alcohol to ease the pain and but it did not help. The applicant failed the urinalysis test and was discharged. The Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) has diagnosed the applicant with post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD) and determined the applicant is service-connected disabled for the condition. The applicant would like the applicant's children to know the applicant served honorably.

**b. Board Type and Decision:** In a records review conducted on 4 June 2024, and by a 5-0 vote, the Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's Post Traumatic Stress Disorder outweighing the applicant's illegal substance abuse. Therefore, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed to the separation authority to AR 635-200, paragraph 14-12a, the narrative reason for separation to Misconduct (Minor Infractions), with a corresponding separation code of JKN, and the reentry code to RE-3.

Please see Section 9 of this document for more detail regarding the Board's decision.

(Board member names available upon request)

#### 3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:

- a. Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization: Misconduct (Drug Abuse) / AR 635-200, Paragraph 14-12c (2) / JKK / RE-4 / General (Under Honorable Conditions)
  - b. Date of Discharge: 12 September 2007
  - c. Separation Facts:
    - (1) Date of Notification of Intent to Separate: 8 August 2007
- (2) Basis for Separation: The applicant was informed of the following reasons: The applicant wrongfully used cocaine, a Schedule II controlled substance, and marijuana, a Schedule I controlled substance.
  - (3) Recommended Characterization: General (Under Honorable Conditions)
  - (4) Legal Consultation Date: On 23 August 2007, the applicant waived legal counsel.
  - (5) Administrative Separation Board: NA

**(6) Separation Decision Date / Characterization:** 31 August 2007 / General (Under Honorable Conditions)

#### 4. SERVICE DETAILS:

- a. Date / Period of Enlistment: 10 November 2004 / 3 years, 27 weeks
- b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score: 22 / HS Graduate / 95
- **c. Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service:** E-4 / 92F10, Petroleum Supply Specialist / 2 years, 10 months, 3 days
  - d. Prior Service / Characterizations: None
- e. Overseas Service / Combat Service: SWA / Iraq (28 September 2005 7 September 2006)
  - f. Awards and Decorations: AAM, NDSM, GWOTSM, ICM, ASR, OSR
  - g. Performance Ratings: NA
- h. Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record: DD Form 2624, 6 March 2007, reflects the applicant tested positive for COC (cocaine), during an Inspection Unit (IU) urinalysis testing, conducted on 20 February 2007.

DD Form 2624, 13 March 2007, reflects the applicant tested positive for COC (cocaine), during an Inspection Random (IR) urinalysis testing, conducted on 1 March 2007.

Field Grade Article 15, 16 May 2007, for being disrespectful toward Sergeant (SGT) R., a noncommissioned officer (NCO), by using profanity after being told "at ease," three times (14 February 2007); and wrongfully using cocaine (between 13 and 20 February 2007). The punishment consisted of a reduction to E-1; forfeiture of \$650 pay per month for two months; and extra duty and restriction for 45 days.

DD Form 2624, 23 May 2007, reflects the applicant tested positive for THC (marijuana), during an Inspection Random (IR) urinalysis testing, conducted on 15 May 2007.

Report of Mental Status Evaluation, 22 March 2007, reflects the applicant was cleared for any administrative actions deemed appropriate by the command. The applicant endorsed no psychiatric concerns and denied risk issues.

Eight Developmental Counseling Forms, for financial obligation to the government; disrespecting NCOs; failing to report to appointed place of duty on multiple occasions; testing positive for cocaine; and failing to follow instructions.

- i. Lost Time / Mode of Return: None
- j. Behavioral Health Condition(s):
- (1) Applicant provided: Department of Veterans Affairs Rating Decision, 23 March 2012, reflecting the VA rated the applicant 50 percent service-connected disabled for PTSD.

### (2) AMHRR Listed: None

The ARBA's medical advisor reviewed DoD and VA medical records and not solely those documents listed in 4j(1) and (2) above.

- **5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE:** DD Form 149; DD Form 214; separation orders; and VA Rating Decision.
- **6. POST SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS:** None submitted with the application.

### 7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):

- **a.** Section 1553, Title 10, United States Code (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s) within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, 10 USC 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge. Further, the guidance provides that Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.
- **b.** Multiple Department of Defense Policy Guidance Memoranda published between 2014 and 2018. The documents are commonly referred to by the signatory authorities' last names (2014 Secretary of Defense Guidance [Hagel memo], 2016 Acting Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Carson memo], 2017 Official Performing the Duties of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Kurta memo], and 2018 Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Wilkie memo].
- (1) Individually and collectively, these documents provide further clarification to the Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharge due to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Liberal consideration will be given to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part on matters relating to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Special consideration will be given to Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) determinations that document a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment potentially contributed to the circumstances resulting in a less than honorable discharge characterization. Special consideration will also be given in cases where a civilian provider confers diagnoses of a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment if the case records contain narratives supporting symptomatology at the time of service or when any other evidence which may reasonably indicate that a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment existed at the time of discharge might have mitigated the misconduct that caused a discharge of lesser characterization.
- (2) Conditions documented in the service record that can reasonably be determined to have existed at the time of discharge will be considered to have existed at the time of discharge. In cases in which a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment

may be reasonably determined to have existed at the time of discharge, those conditions will be considered potential mitigating factors in the misconduct that caused the characterization of service in question. All Boards will exercise caution in weighing evidence of mitigation in cases in which serious misconduct precipitated a discharge with a less than Honorable characterization of service. Potentially mitigating evidence of the existence of undiagnosed combat related PTSD, PTSD-related conditions due to TBI or sexual assault/harassment as causative factors in the misconduct resulting in discharge will be carefully weighed against the severity of the misconduct. PTSD is not a likely cause of premeditated misconduct. Caution shall be exercised in weighing evidence of mitigation in all cases of misconduct by carefully considering the likely causal relationship of symptoms to the misconduct.

- **c.** Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board), sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Section 1553, Title 10 United States Code; and Department of Defense Directive 1332.41 and Instruction 1332.28.
- **d.** Army Regulation 635-200 (Active Duty Enlisted Administrative Separations), provides the basic authority for the separation of enlisted personnel.
- (1) Chapter 3, Section II provides the authorized types of characterization of service or description of separation.
- (2) Paragraph 3-7a states an Honorable discharge is a separation with honor and is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.
- (3) Paragraph 3-7b states a General discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions and is issued to a Soldier whose military record is satisfactory but not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.
- (4) Chapter 14 establishes policy and prescribes procedures for separating members for misconduct. Specific categories include minor disciplinary infractions, a pattern of misconduct, and commission of a serious offense, to include abuse of illegal drugs, convictions by civil authorities and desertion or being absent without leave. Action will be taken to separate a member for misconduct when it is clearly established that rehabilitation is impractical or unlikely to succeed.
- (5) Paragraph 14-3 prescribes a discharge under other than honorable conditions is normally appropriate for a Soldier discharged under this chapter. However, the separation authority may direct a general discharge if such is merited by the Soldier's overall record.
- (6) Paragraph 14-12c(2) terms abuse of illegal drugs as serious misconduct. It continues; however, by recognizing relevant facts may mitigate the nature of the offense. Therefore, a single drug abuse offense may be combined with one or more minor disciplinary infractions or incidents of other misconduct and processed for separation under paragraph 14-12a or 14-12b as appropriate.
- **e.** Army Regulation 635-5-1 (Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes), provides the specific authorities (regulatory or directive), reasons for separating Soldiers from active duty, and the SPD codes to be entered on the DD Form 214. It identifies the SPD code of "JKK" as

the appropriate code to assign enlisted Soldiers who are discharged under the provisions of Army Regulation 635-200, Chapter 14, misconduct (drug abuse).

- **f.** Army Regulation 601-210, (Regular Army and Reserve Components Enlistment Program), governs eligibility criteria, policies, and procedures for enlistment and processing of persons into the Regular Army, the U.S. Army Reserve, and Army National Guard for enlistment per DODI 1304.26. It also prescribes the appointment, reassignment, management, and mobilization of Reserve Officers' Training Corps cadets under the Simultaneous Membership Program. Chapter 4 provides the criteria and procedures for waiverable and nonwaiverable separations. Table 3-1, defines reentry eligibility (RE) codes. RE-4 Applies to: Person separated from last period of service with a nonwaiverable disqualification. This includes anyone with a DA imposed bar to reenlistment in effect at time of separation or separated for any reason (except length of service retirement) with 18 or more years active Federal service. Eligibility: Ineligible for enlistment.
- **8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S):** The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.

The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable. The applicant's Army Military Human Resources Record (AMHRR), the issues, and documents submitted with the application were carefully reviewed.

The applicant contends PTSD affected behavior which led to the discharge and the VA rated the applicant service-connected disabled for the condition. The applicant provided the VA Rating Decision reflecting the VA rated the applicant 50 percent service-connected disabled for PTSD. The applicant's AMHRR shows the applicant underwent a mental status evaluation (MSE) on 22 March 2007, which reflects the applicant endorsed no psychiatric concerns and denied risk issues. The MSE was considered by the separation authority.

The applicant contends requesting help but was denied treatment. The applicant's AMHRR does not contain any indication or evidence of arbitrary or capricious actions by the command.

The applicant contends good service, including a combat tour. The Board considered the applicant's service accomplishments and the quality of service according to the DODI 1332.28.

#### 9. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:

- **a.** As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:
- (1) Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor, a voting member, reviewed the applicant's DOD and VA health records, applicant's statement, and/or civilian provider documentation and found that the applicant has the following potentially-mitigating diagnoses/experiences: PTSD, Anxiety Disorder.
- (2) Did the condition exist or experience occur during military service? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor found the applicant 50 percent SC for PTSD.
- (3) Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor applied liberal consideration and opined that a review of the records shows the applicant 50 percent SC for PTSD with a potentially mitigating diagnosis of Anxiety Disorder that appears subsumed by PTSD. As there is an association between PTSD

and comorbid substance abuse and PTSD and problems with authority, there is a nexus between the applicant's misconduct characterized by wrongful use of cocaine, wrongful use of marijuana, and disrespect of and NCO, such that the misconduct is mitigated by the disorder.

(4) Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? **Yes.** After applying liberal consideration to the evidence, including the Board Medical Advisor opine, the Board determined that the applicant's Post Traumatic Stress Disorder outweighed the applicant's illegal substance abuse.

### **b.** Response to Contention(s):

- (1) The applicant contends PTSD affected behavior which led to the discharge and the VA rated the applicant service-connected disabled for the condition. The Board liberally considered this contention and determined that it was valid due to the applicant's PTSD outweighing the applicant's illegal substance abuse.
- (2) The applicant contends requesting help but was denied treatment. The Board considered this contention during proceedings but ultimately did not address it due to an upgrade being granted based on medical mitigation and lack of supporting evidence from the applicant.
- (3) The applicant contends good service, including a combat tour. The Board considered the totality of the applicant's service record during proceedings but ultimately did not address this contention due to an upgrade being granted base on medical mitigation as discussed above in 9b(1).
- **c.** The Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's Post Traumatic Stress Disorder outweighing the applicant's illegal substance abuse. Therefore, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed to the separation authority to AR 635-200, paragraph 14-12a, the narrative reason for separation to Misconduct (Minor Infractions), with a corresponding separation code of JKN, and the reentry code to RE-3.

#### d. Rationale for Decision:

- (1) The Board voted to change the applicant's characterization of service to Honorable because the applicant's Post Traumatic Stress Disorder outweighed the applicant's illegal substance abuse. Thus, the prior characterization is no longer appropriate.
- (2) The Board voted to change the reason for discharge to Misconduct (Minor Infractions) under the same pretexts, thus the reason for discharge is no longer appropriate. The SPD code associated with the new reason for discharge is JKN.
  - (3) The RE code will change to RE-3.

### 10. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:

a. Issue a New DD-214: Yes

b. Change Characterization to: Honorable

c. Change Reason / SPD Code to: Misconduct (Minor Infractions)/JKN

d. Change RE Code to: RE-3

e. Change Authority to: AR 635-200

### **Authenticating Official:**

6/21/2024



AWOL – Absent Without Leave AMHRR – Army Military Human Resource Record

BCD - Bad Conduct Discharge BH - Behavioral Health

CG – Company Grade Article 15
CID – Criminal Investigation Division ELS – Entry Level Status

FG - Field Grade Article 15

GD - General Discharge

HS – High School
HD – Honorable Discharge
IADT – Initial Active Duty Training

MP – Military Police
MST – Military Sexual Trauma
N/A – Not applicable NCO - Noncommissioned Officer

NIF – Not in File

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified

OAD – Ordered to Active Duty OBH (I) – Other Behavioral Health (Issues) OMPF – Official Military

Personnel File PTSD – Post-Traumatic Stress

Disorder

RE – Re-entry SCM – Summary Court Martial SPCM - Special Court Martial

SPD - Separation Program Designator

TBI – Traumatic Brain Injury UNC – Uncharacterized Discharge UOTHC – Under Other Than

Honorable Conditions VA - Department of Veterans

Affairs