1. Applicant's Name:

a. Application Date: 12 November 2020

b. Date Received: 16 November 2020

c. Counsel: None

2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:

a. Applicant's Requests and Issues: The current characterization of service for the period under review is uncharacterized. The applicant did not properly annotate the enclosed application requesting a possible discharge upgrade. The Army Discharge Review Board considered the applicant for a possible upgrade as instructed in pertinent part by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28, which stipulates a request for review from an applicant without an honorable discharge shall be treated as a request for a change to an honorable discharge unless the applicant requests a specific change to another character of discharge.

The applicant seeks relief contending, in effect, the service dates and characterization of service listed on the DD Form 214 (Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty) are incorrect.

b. Board Type and Decision: In a records review conducted on 17 January 2024, and by a 5-0 vote, the board carefully considered the applicant's request, supporting documents, evidentiary record, medical review, and published Department of Defense guidance for liberal consideration of discharge upgrade requests and direct an administrative change to the DD Form 214 block 24 to now reflect (character of service) honorable.

Please see Section 9 of this document for more detail regarding the Board's decision.

(Board member names available upon request)

3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:

- a. Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization: Completion of Required Active Service/ AR 635-200 / Chapter 4 / MBK / NA / Uncharacterized
 - b. Date of Discharge: 25 November 2008
 - c. Separation Facts:
 - (1) Date of Notification of Intent to Separate: NA
 - (2) Basis for Separation: Completion of Required Active Service
 - (3) Recommended Characterization: NA
 - (4) Legal Consultation Date: NA
 - (5) Administrative Separation Board: NA
 - (6) Separation Decision Date / Characterization: NA

4. SERVICE DETAILS:

- a. Date / Period of Enlistment: 3 November 2007 / 8 years (USAR)
- b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score: 17 / HS Graduate / NIF
- **c. Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service:** E-4 / 92A10, Automated Logistical Specialist / 2 years, 3 months, 5 days.
 - **d. Prior Service / Characterizations:** USAR, 3 November 2007 8 February 2010 (Concurrent Service)

e. Overseas Service / Combat Service: None

f. Awards and Decorations: NDSM, ASR

g. Performance Ratings: NA

h. Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record: None

i. Lost Time / Mode of Return: None

j. Behavioral Health Condition(s):

(1) Applicant provided: None.

(2) AMHRR Listed: None

- **5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE:** DD Form 293, DD Form 214, Separation Order (USAR)
- **6. POST SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS:** None submitted with the application.
- 7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):
- **a.** Section 1553, Title 10, United States Code (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s) within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, 10 USC 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge. Further, the guidance provides that Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.
- **b.** Multiple Department of Defense Policy Guidance Memoranda published between 2014 and 2018. The documents are commonly referred to by the signatory authorities' last names (2014 Secretary of Defense Guidance [Hagel memo], 2016 Acting Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Carson memo], 2017 Official Performing

the Duties of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Kurta memo], and 2018 Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Wilkie memo].

- (1) Individually and collectively, these documents provide further clarification to the Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharge due to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Liberal consideration will be given to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part on matters relating to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Special consideration will be given to Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) determinations that document a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment potentially contributed to the circumstances resulting in a less than honorable discharge characterization. Special consideration will also be given in cases where a civilian provider confers diagnoses of a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment if the case records contain narratives supporting symptomatology at the time of service or when any other evidence which may reasonably indicate that a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment existed at the time of discharge might have mitigated the misconduct that caused a discharge of lesser characterization.
- (2) Conditions documented in the service record that can reasonably be determined to have existed at the time of discharge will be considered to have existed at the time of discharge. In cases in which a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment may be reasonably determined to have existed at the time of discharge, those conditions will be considered potential mitigating factors in the misconduct that caused the characterization of service in question. All Boards will exercise caution in weighing evidence of mitigation in cases in which serious misconduct precipitated a discharge with a less than Honorable characterization of service. Potentially mitigating evidence of the existence of undiagnosed combat related PTSD, PTSD-related conditions due to TBI or sexual assault/harassment as causative factors in the misconduct resulting in discharge will be carefully weighed against the severity of the misconduct. PTSD is not a likely cause of premeditated misconduct. Caution shall be exercised in weighing evidence of mitigation in all cases of misconduct by carefully considering the likely causal relationship of symptoms to the misconduct.
- **c.** Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board), dated 25 September 2019, sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Section 1553, Title 10 United States Code; and Department of Defense Directive 1332.41 and Instruction 1332.28.
- **d.** Army Regulation 635-200 provides the basic authority for the separation of enlisted personnel.
- (1) Chapter 3, Section II provides the authorized types of characterization of service or description of separation.
- (2) Paragraph 3-7a states an Honorable discharge is a separation with honor and is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.

- (3) Paragraph 3-7b states a General discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions and is issued to a Soldier whose military record is satisfactory but not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.
- (4) Paragraph 3-9 states a separation will be described as entry-level with service uncharacterized if processing is initiated while a Soldier is in entry-level status. Unless the DCS, G-1, on a case-by-case basis, determines that characterization of service as honorable is clearly warranted by the presence of unusual circumstances involving personal conduct and performance of duty. This characterization is authorized when the Soldier is separated by reason of selected changes in service obligation, convenience of the Government, and Secretarial plenary authority.
- (5) Paragraph 3-9 a (3), currently in effect, states Soldiers on active duty with less than 181 days of continuous active military service, has completed initial entry training (IET), has been awarded been awarded an MOS, and has reported for duty at a follow-on unit of assignment. RC Soldiers will receive a characterization of service as "honorable" upon successful completion of IET.
- (6) Chapter 4, provides, in pertinent part, for the separation of individuals upon completion of required service (i.e., expiration term of service). The characterization of service for Soldiers separated under the provisions of Chapter 4, AR 635-200 will be honorable unless the Soldier is in entry-level status. The service of Soldiers in entry-level status will be uncharacterized. A Soldier is in an entry-level status if the Soldier has not completed more than 180 days of creditable continuous active duty at the time of the discharge or release from active duty.
- **8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S):** The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.

The applicant did not properly annotate the enclosed application requesting a possible discharge upgrade. The Army Discharge Review Board considered the applicant for a possible upgrade as instructed in pertinent part by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28, which stipulates a request for review from an applicant without an honorable discharge shall be treated as a request for a change to an honorable discharge unless the applicant requests a specific change to another character of discharge. The applicant's Army Military Human Resources Record (AMHRR), the issues, and documents submitted with the application were carefully reviewed.

The DD Form 214 indicates the applicant was discharged under the provisions of AR 635-200, Chapter 4, by reason of "Completion of Required Active Service," with a characterization of service of Uncharacterized.

The evidence of the record reflects that the applicant entered Initial Active-Duty Training on 24 June 2008. At the time of the applicant's discharge, the applicant had served 5 months and 2 days on Active Duty. The applicant's official service record reflects no acts of misconduct or derogatory information during this period of active-duty service. Upon the applicant's separation from Active Duty, the applicant was awarded MOS 92A and was transferred to the USAR to serve the remaining service obligation.

The applicant contends the characterization of service listed on the DD Form 214 is incorrect. AR 635-200, paragraph 3-9 a (3), currently in effect, states Soldiers on active duty with less than 181 days of continuous active military service, has completed IET, has been awarded an

MOS, and has reported for duty at a follow-on unit of assignment and RC Soldiers will receive a characterization of service as "honorable" upon successful completion of IET.

The applicant contends the service dates listed on the DD Form 214 are incorrect. Orders 10-027-00014, dated 27 January 2010, reflects the applicant was discharged from the USAR effective 8 February 2010. While the applicant was discharged from the USAR on 8 February 2010, the applicant was released from active-duty training on 25 November 2008.

9. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:

- **a.** As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:
- (1) Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **No.** The Board's Medical Advisor reviewed DoD and VA medical records and found no mitigating BH diagnoses on the applicant. The applicant provided no documents or testimony of a condition or experience, that, when applying liberal consideration, could have excused, or mitigated a discharge.
 - (2) Did the condition exist, or experience occur during military service? N/A
 - (3) Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? N/A
 - (4) Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? N/A
 - **b.** Response to Contention(s):
- (1) The applicant contends the characterization of service listed on the DD Form 214 is incorrect. The board considered this contention and directed an administrative update to the applicant's DD Form 214, block 24 (character of service) to now reflect Honorable instead of Uncharacterized.
- (2) The applicant contends the service dates listed on the DD Form 214 are incorrect. The board considered this contention and determined that the applicant's requested change to the service dates on the DD Form 214 does not fall within the purview of the ADRB. The applicant may apply to the Army Board for Correction of Military Records (ABCMR), using a DD Form 293 regarding this matter. A DD Form 293 may be obtained online at https://www.esd.whs.mil/Portals/54/Documents/DD/forms/dd/dd0293.pdf or from a Veterans' Service Organization.
- c. The Board found sufficient evidence of an improper discharge because the applicant completed IET, was awarded an MOS of 92A10, Automated Logistical Specialist, and had no misconduct in the applicant's military record. The board directed an administrative change to the characterization of service to Honorable (HD) instead of Uncharacterized and reflect the change to the DD Form 214 block 24 to now reflect (character of service) honorable. The applicant has exhausted their appeal options available with ADRB. However, the applicant may still apply to the Army Board for Correction of Military Records. The applicant is responsible for satisfying the burden of proof and providing documents or other evidence sufficient to support the applicant's contention(s) that the discharge was improper or inequitable.

d. Rationale for Decision:

- (1) The board voted to change the applicant's characterization of service to Honorable and reflect the administrative change to the applicant's DD Form 214 block 24 to now reflect (character of service) honorable. The applicant was an RC Soldier, completed IET, was awarded an MOS of 92A10, Automated Logistical Specialist, and had no misconduct in the applicant's military record.
- (2) The Board voted not to change the applicant's reason for discharge or accompanying SPD code, as the narrative reason was proper and equitable.
- (3) The RE code will not change, as the current code is consistent with the procedural and substantive requirements of the regulation.

10. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:

a. Issue a New DD-214 / Separation Order: Yes

b. Change Characterization to: Honorable

c. Change Reason / SPD code to: No Change

d. Change RE Code to: No Change

e. Change Authority to: No Change

Authenticating Official:

2/8/2024



AWOL – Absent Without Leave AMHRR – Army Military Human Resource Record BCD – Bad Conduct Discharge BH – Behavioral Health CG – Company Grade Article 15 CID – Criminal Investigation

Division ELS – Entry Level Status FG – Field Grade Article 15 GD – General Discharge

HS – High School

HD – Honorable Discharge IADT – Initial Active Duty Training

MP – Military Police
MST – Military Sexual Trauma

N/A – Not applicable NCO – Noncommissioned Officer

NIF – Not in File

NOS – Not Otherwise Specified

OAD – Ordered to Active Duty OBH (I) – Other Behavioral

Health (Issues) OMPF – Official Military Personnel File

PTSD – Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder

RE – Re-entry

SCM – Summary Court Martial SPCM – Special Court Martial SPD – Separation Program

Designator
TBI – Traumatic Brain Injury
UNC – Uncharacterized

Discharge
UOTHC – Under Other Than
Honorable Conditions
VA – Department of Veterans

Affairs