

**ARMY DISCHARGE REVIEW BOARD CASE REPORT AND DIRECTIVE**

**AR20210012058**

**1. Applicant's Name:** [REDACTED]

**a. Application Date:** 10 March 2021

**b. Date Received:** 6 March 2021

**c. Counsel:** None

**2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:**

**a. Applicant Requests:** The current characterization of service for the period under review is general (under honorable conditions). The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable along with a reentry (RE) code, separation program designator (SPD) code, and a narrative reason change.

**b. Applicant Contention(s)/Issue(s):** The applicant requests relief contending, in effect, the applicant was suffering from post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), and traumatic brain injury (TBI) from two combat tours. The applicant had three years of continuous honorable service. The applicant states the applicant obtained an associate's degree within three years of discharge.

**c. Board Type and Decision:** In a records review conducted on 28 May 2025, and by a 5-0 vote, the Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's length and quality of service, to include combat service and the circumstances surrounding the discharge (PTSD diagnosis). Therefore, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed the separation authority to AR 635-200, paragraph 14- 12a, the narrative reason for separation to Misconduct (Minor Infractions), with a corresponding separation code of JKN. The Board determined the reentry code is proper and equitable and voted not to change it.

Please see **Board Discussion and Determination** section for more detail regarding the Board's decision. Board member names are available upon request.

**3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:**

**a. Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization:** Misconduct (Drug Abuse) / AR 635-200, Paragraph 14-12c(2) / JKK / RE-4 / General (Under Honorable Conditions)

**b. Date of Discharge:** 30 September 2011

**c. Separation Facts:**

**(1) Date of Notification of Intent to Separate:** 23 August 2011

**(2) Basis for Separation:** The applicant was informed of the following reasons: The applicant wrongfully used marijuana between 28 March 2011 and 27 April 2011.

**(3) Recommended Characterization:** General (Under Honorable Conditions)

**(4) Legal Consultation Date:** 31 August 2011

**(5) Administrative Separation Board:** NA

**(6) Separation Decision Date / Characterization:** 21 September 2011 / General  
(Under Honorable Conditions)

**4. SERVICE DETAILS:**

**a. Date / Period of Enlistment:** 26 October 2010 / 5 years

**b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score:** 21 / HS Graduate / 111

**c. Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service:** E-4 / 13F10, Fire Support Specialist /  
3 years, 8 months, 27 days

**d. Prior Service / Characterizations:** RA, 4 January 2008 – 27 October 2010 / HD

**e. Overseas Service / Combat Service:** SWA / Iraq (17 March 2010 – 1 February 2011),  
1 August 2008 – 1 March 2009)

**f. Awards and Decorations:** ICM-CS-3, ARCOM, AAM, NDSM, GWOTSM, ASR, OSR,  
CAB

**g. Performance Ratings:** NA

**h. Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record:**

**(1)** The applicant's AMHRR contains Electronic Copy of the DD Form 2624, 6 June 2011, which reflects the applicant tested positive for THC 30 during a Unit Inspection (IU) urinalysis testing conducted on 27 April 2011.

**(2)** Field Grade Article 15, 29 June 2011, reflect the applicant wrongfully used marijuana between on or about 28 March 2011 and on or about 27 April 2011. The punishment consisted of reduction to private/E-1; forfeiture of \$733 pay, suspended, to be automatically remitted if not vacated before 29 July 2011; and extra duty for 45 days.

**(3)** Mental Status Evaluation (MSE), 8 August 2011, reflects the applicant was fit for duty, including deployment and met medical retention standards. The applicant had a negative screen for PTSD and mild TBI. The applicant was diagnosed with alcohol dependence and cannabis abuse.

**(4)** Memorandum, subject: Command Actions taken to ensure care of [Applicant], 13 September 2011, states, in part, the applicant was treated and diagnosed for TBI in March of 2009 following a rocket explosion in January 2009. The applicant had not been seeing behavioral health (BH) and reported no adverse effect on the most recent PDHRA screening following the redeployment from OIF in February 2011. The applicant had never been denied access to medical care and had been afforded the same opportunities to access BH as any other service member.

**i. Lost Time / Mode of Return:** None

**j. Behavioral Health Condition(s):** The following documents have been provided to the ARBA Medical Advisor, if applicable. See **"Board Discussion and Determination"** for Medical Advisor Details.

**(1) Applicant provided:** The applicant provides a letter from the Department of Veteran Affairs which reflects, in part, the applicant was granted an 80-percent service-connected disability rating. The applicant also provides VA Health Summary, 14 October 2020, page 29, which reflects the applicant has a chronic PTSD diagnosis.

**(2) AMHRR provided:** See item 4h(4).

**5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE:** DD Form 293, Personal statement, DD Form 214, VA Health Summary, Letter from VA, College Transcripts, Degree Certificate

**6. POST SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS:** The applicant obtained an associate's degree within three years of discharge.

**7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):**

a. Section 1553, Title 10, United States Code (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s) within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, 10 USC 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge. Further, the guidance provides that Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.

b. Office, Secretary of Defense memorandum (Supplemental Guidance to Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records Considering Discharge Upgrade Requests by Veterans Claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder), 3 September 2014, directed the Service Discharge Review Boards (DRBs) and Service Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records (BCM/NRs) to carefully consider the revised PTSD criteria, detailed medical considerations and mitigating factors when taking action on applications from former service members administratively discharged UOTHC and who have been diagnosed with PTSD by a competent mental health professional representing a civilian healthcare provider in order to determine if it would be appropriate to upgrade the characterization of the applicant's service.

c. Office, Under Secretary of Defense memorandum (Clarifying Guidance to Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records Considering Requests by Veterans for Modification of their Discharge Due to Mental Health Conditions, Sexual Assault, or Sexual Harassment), 25 August 2017 issued clarifying guidance for the Secretary of Defense Directive to DRBs and BCM/NRs when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharges due in whole or in part to mental health conditions, including PTSD; Traumatic Brain Injury; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Boards are to give liberal consideration to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part to those conditions or experiences. The guidance further describes evidence sources and criteria and requires Boards to consider the conditions or experiences presented in evidence as potential mitigation for misconduct that led to the discharge.

**d.** Office, Under Secretary of Defense memorandum (Guidance to Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records Regarding Equity, Injustice, or Clemency Determinations), 25 July 2018 issued guidance to Military DRBs and BCM/NRs regarding equity, injustice, or clemency determinations. Clemency generally refers to relief specifically granted from a criminal sentence. However, the guidance applies to more than clemency from a sentencing in a court-martial; it also applies to other corrections, including changes in a discharge, which may be warranted based on equity or relief from injustice.

**(1)** This guidance does not mandate relief but rather provides standards and principles to guide Boards in application of their equitable relief authority. In determining whether to grant relief on the basis of equity, injustice, or clemency grounds, DRBs shall consider the prospect for rehabilitation, external evidence, sworn testimony, policy changes, relative severity of misconduct, mental and behavioral health conditions, official governmental acknowledgement that a relevant error or injustice was committed, and uniformity of punishment.

**(2)** Changes to the narrative reason for discharge and/or an upgraded character of service granted solely on equity, injustice, or clemency grounds normally should not result in separation pay, retroactive promotions, and payment of past medical expenses or similar benefits that might have been received if the original discharge had been for the revised reason or had the upgraded service characterization.

**e.** Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board), dated 25 September 2019, sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Section 1553, Title 10 United States Code; and Department of Defense Directive 1332.41 and Instruction 1332.28.

**f.** Army Regulation 601-210, Regular Army, and Reserve Components Enlistment Program, governs eligibility criteria, policies, and procedures for enlistment and processing of persons into the Regular Army, the U.S. Army Reserve, and Army National Guard for enlistment per DODI 1304.26. It also prescribes the appointment, reassignment, management, and mobilization of Reserve Officers' Training Corps cadets under the Simultaneous Membership Program. Chapter 4 provides the criteria and procedures for waiverable and nonwaiverable separations. Table 3-1, defines reentry eligibility (RE) codes:

- RE-1 Applies to: Person completing his or her term of active service who is considered qualified to reenter the U.S. Army. Eligibility: Qualified for enlistment if all other criteria are met.
- RE-3 Applies to: Person who is not considered fully qualified for reentry or continuous service at time of separation, but disqualification is waiverable. Eligibility: Ineligible unless a waiver is granted.
- RE-4 Applies to: Person separated from last period of service with a nonwaiverable disqualification. This includes anyone with a DA imposed bar to reenlistment in effect at time of separation or separated for any reason (except length of service retirement) with 18 or more years active Federal service. Eligibility: Ineligible for enlistment.

**g.** Army Regulation 635-200 provides the basic authority for the separation of enlisted personnel.

(1) Chapter 3, Section II provides the authorized types of characterization of service or description of separation. It states:

(a) An honorable discharge is a separation with honor and is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.

(b) A general discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions and is issued to a Soldier whose military record is satisfactory but not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.

(2) Chapter 14 establishes policy and prescribes procedures for separating members for misconduct. Specific categories include minor disciplinary infractions, a pattern of misconduct, and commission of a serious offense, to include abuse of illegal drugs, convictions by civil authorities and desertion or being absent without leave. Action will be taken to separate a member for misconduct when it is clearly established that rehabilitation is impractical or unlikely to succeed. A discharge under other than honorable conditions is normally appropriate for a Soldier discharged under this chapter. However, the separation authority may direct a general discharge if such is merited by the Soldier's overall record. Paragraph 14-12c(2) terms abuse of illegal drugs as serious misconduct. It continues; however, by recognizing relevant facts may mitigate the nature of the offense. Therefore, a single drug abuse offense may be combined with one or more minor disciplinary infractions or incidents of other misconduct and processed for separation under paragraph 14-12a or 14-12b as appropriate.

(3) Chapter 15 provides explicitly for separation under the prerogative of the Secretary of the Army. Secretarial plenary separation authority is exercised sparingly and seldom delegated. Ordinarily, it is used when no other provision of this regulation applies, and early separation is clearly in the Army's best interest. Separations under this paragraph are effective only if approved in writing by the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary's approved designee as announced in updated memoranda. Secretarial separation authority is normally exercised on a case-by-case basis. If Secretarial Authority is granted normally correct the record to show the following:

- Separation Authority: Army Regulation 635-200, Chapter 15
- Separation Code: JFF
- Reenlistment Code: RE1
- Narrative Reason for Separation: Secretarial Plenary Authority
- Character of Service: Honorable

(4) Army Regulation 635-5-1 (Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes) provides the specific authorities (regulatory or directive), reasons for separating Soldiers from active duty, and the SPD codes to be entered on the DD Form 214. It identifies the SPD code of "JKK" as the appropriate code to assign enlisted Soldiers who are discharged under the provisions of Army Regulation 635-200, Chapter 14-12c(2), Misconduct (Drug Abuse).

**8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S):** Standard of Review. The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.

a. The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable along with an SPD code, RE code, and a narrative reason change. The applicant's Army Military Human Resources Record (AMHRR), the issues, and documents submitted with the application were carefully reviewed.

**b.** The applicant requests the narrative reason, SPD code, and RE Code be changed. The applicant was separated under the provisions of AR 635-200, Chapter 14-12c(2), with a general (under honorable conditions) discharge and a RE code of "4." The narrative reason specified by Army Regulations for a discharge under this chapter is "Misconduct (Drug Abuse)" and the separation code is "JKK." Army Regulation 635-8, Separation Documents governs the preparation of the DD Form 214 and dictates the entry of the narrative reason for separation, entered in block 28 and separation code, entered in block 26 of the form, will be as listed in tables 2-2 or 2-3 of AR 635-5-1, Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes. The regulation stipulates no deviation is authorized. There is no provision for any other reason or SPD code to be entered under this regulation. RE-4 Applies to: Person separated from last period of service with a nonwaiverable disqualification. This includes anyone with a DA imposed bar to reenlistment in effect at time of separation or separated for any reason (except length of service retirement) with 18 or more years active Federal service. Eligibility: Ineligible for enlistment.

**c.** The applicant contends applicant was suffering from PTSD and TBI from two combat tours. The applicant underwent a MSE on 8 August 2011, which reflects the applicant was fit for duty, including deployment and met medical retention standards. The applicant had a negative screen for PTSD and mild TBI. The applicant was diagnosed with alcohol dependence and cannabis abuse. Memorandum, subject: Command Actions taken to ensure care of [Applicant], 13 September 2011, states, in part, the applicant was treated and diagnosed for TBI in March of 2009 following a rocket explosion in January 2009 and the applicant had not been seeing BH and reported no adverse effect on the most recent PDHRA screening following the redeployment from OIF in February 2011. The applicant provides a letter from VA which reflects, in part, the applicant was granted an 80-percent service-connected disability rating. The applicant also provides VA Health Summary, 14 October 2020, page 29, which reflects the applicant has a chronic PTSD diagnosis.

**d.** The applicant states the applicant had three years of continuous honorable service. The Board will consider the applicant's service accomplishments and the quality of service according to the DODI 1332.28.

**e.** The applicant states the applicant obtained an associate's degree within three years of discharge. The Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to consider post-service factors in the recharacterization of a discharge. No law or regulation provides for the upgrade of an unfavorable discharge based solely on the passage of time or good conduct in civilian life after leaving the service. The Board reviews each discharge on a case-by-case basis to determine if post-service accomplishments help demonstrate previous in-service misconduct was an aberration and not indicative of the member's overall character.

## **9. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:**

**a.** As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:

**(1)** Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor reviewed the applicant's DOD and VA health records, applicant's statement, and provider documentation and found the applicant has the following potentially-mitigating diagnoses: Alcohol Dependence, Cannabis Abuse, Adjustment Disorder, PTSD and applicant asserted TBI.

**(2)** Did the condition exist, or experience occur during military service? **Yes.** The Alcohol Dependence, Cannabis Abuse, Adjustment Disorder.

**(3)** Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor applied liberal consideration and opined that given the trauma occurred prior to the basis and nexus between trauma and substance abuse, the basis is mitigated.

**(4)** Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? **Yes.** The Board determined the applicants condition, PTSD diagnosis, outweighed the basis of separation, wrongful use of marijuana.

**b.** Prior Decisions Cited: NA – Applies to Personal Appearances only.

**c.** Response to Contention: The applicant contends they were suffering from PTSD and TBI from two combat tours. The Board considered this contention valid.

**d.** The Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's length and quality of service, to include combat service and the circumstances surrounding the discharge (PTSD diagnosis). Therefore, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed the separation authority to AR 635-200, paragraph 14- 12a, the narrative reason for separation to Misconduct (Minor Infractions), with a corresponding separation code of JKN. The Board determined the reentry code is proper and equitable and voted not to change it.

**e.** Rationale for Decision:

**(1)** Published Department of Defense guidance indicates the guidance is not intended to interfere or impede on the Board's statutory independence. The Board determines the relative weight of the action that was the basis for the discharge and whether it supports relief or not. In reaching its determination, the Board considers the applicant's petition, available records and any supporting documents included with the petition.

**(2)** The Board voted to upgrade the applicant's characterization of service based on the applicant's Post Traumatic Stress Disorder outweighing the applicant's wrongful use of marijuana basis for separation. Therefore, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade to the characterization of service to Honorable and directed the issue of a new DD Form 214 changing the separation authority to AR 635-200, paragraph 14-12a, the narrative reason for separation to Misconduct (Minor Infractions), and the separation code to JKN.

**(3)** The Board voted to change the reason for discharge to Misconduct (Minor Infractions) under the same rationale, thus the reason for discharge is no longer appropriate. The SPD code associated with the new reason for discharge is JKN.

# ARMY DISCHARGE REVIEW BOARD CASE REPORT AND DIRECTIVE

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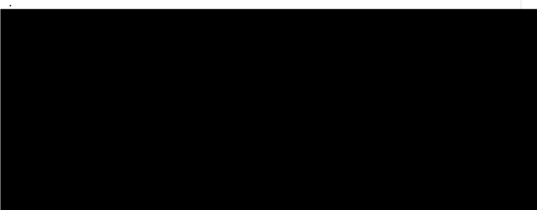
(4) The RE code will not change, as the current code is consistent with the procedural and substantive requirements of the regulation.

## 10. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:

- a. Issue a New DD-214: Yes
- b. Change Characterization to: Honorable
- c. Change Reason / SPD Code to: Misconduct (Minor Infractions)/JKN
- d. Change RE Code to: No change
- e. Change Authority to: AR 635-200

## Authenticating Official:

6/26/2025



### Legend:

AWOL – Absent Without Leave  
AMHRR – Army Military Human  
Resource Record  
BCD – Bad Conduct Discharge  
BH – Behavioral Health  
CG – Company Grade Article 15  
CID – Criminal Investigation  
Division  
ELS – Entry Level Status  
FG – Field Grade Article 15  
FTR – Failure to Report

GD – General Discharge  
HS – High School  
HD – Honorable Discharge  
IADT – Initial Active-Duty  
Training  
MP – Military Police  
MST – Military Sexual Trauma  
N/A – Not applicable  
NCO – Noncommissioned Officer  
NIF – Not in File  
NOS – Not Otherwise Specified

OAD – Ordered to Active Duty  
OBH (I) – Other Behavioral  
Health (Issues)  
OMPF – Official Military  
Personnel File  
PTSD – Post-Traumatic Stress  
Disorder  
RE – Re-entry  
SCM – Summary Court Martial  
SPCM – Special Court Martial

SPD – Separation Program  
Designator  
TBI – Traumatic Brain Injury  
UNC – Uncharacterized  
Discharge  
UOTHC – Under Other Than  
Honorable Conditions  
VA – Department of Veterans  
Affairs