

1. Applicant's Name: [REDACTED]**a. Application Date:** 15 March 2021**b. Date Received:** 10 June 2022**c. Counsel:** [REDACTED]**2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:**

a. Applicant Requests: The current characterization of service for the period under review is under other than honorable conditions. The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable.

b. Applicant Contention(s)/Issue(s): The applicant requests relief, contending in effect the applicant's discharge did not account for significant mental-health conditions, including service-related PTSD, pre-existing paranoid schizophrenia worsened by combat, and cognitive impairment from childhood injury. The applicant asserts these conditions, combined with the challenges of immigration and incomplete understanding by the chain of command, contributed to the circumstances of discharge and warrant reconsideration.

c. Board Type and Decision: In a records review conducted on 17 March 2026, and by a 2-1 vote, the Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's length and quality of service, to include combat service, and the circumstances surrounding the discharge (OBHI diagnoses). Therefore, the Board voted to grant clemency in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed the narrative reason for separation to Misconduct (Minor Infractions), with a corresponding separation code of JKN. The Board determined the reentry code is proper and equitable and voted not to change it. Please see **Board Discussion and Determination** section for more detail regarding the Board's decision. Board member names are available upon request.

3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:

a. Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization: In Lieu of Trial by Court-Martial / AR 635-200, Chapter 10 / KFS / RE-4 / Under Other Than Honorable Conditions

b. Date of Discharge: 2 February 2012**c. Separation Facts:**

(1) Date and Charges Preferred / DD Form 458 (Charge Sheet): On 28 November 2011, the applicant was charged with:

(a) Charge I: Violating Article 128, UCMJ: The applicant on or about 6 April 2011, commit an assault upon Sergeant J.F. by driving a vehicle towards J.F. in a manner likely to produce death or grievous bodily harm.

(b) Charge II: Violating Article 92, UCMJ:

- SPECIFICATION 1: The applicant did at or near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington on or about 28 June 2011, fail to obey a lawful general order, w wit: Policy Statement #25, paragraph S(a), Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, dated 29 April 2010, by wrongfully possessing bath salts.

- SPECIFICATION 2: The applicant, did at Jr near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, on or about 8 March 2011, fail to obey a lawful general order, to wit: Policy Statement #25, paragraph S(a) and S(b), Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, dated 29 April 2010, by wrongfully : Possessing bath salts and drug paraphernalia.

(c) Charge III: Violating Article 91, UCMJ, for willfully disobeying an order from a superior noncommissioned officer to remove an army combat helmet.

(d) Charge IV: Violating Article 90, UCMJ, for willfully disobeying an order from commissioned officer to sit down, to put on the Army Combat Helmet, and to stay in the truck, or words to that effect, on or about 6 April 2011.

(e) Charge V: Violating Article 86, UCMJ,

- SPECIFICATION 1: the applicant, did, on or about 18 October 2011, without authority, was absent from the unit, located at Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, and did remain so absent until on or about 25 November 2011.

- SPECIFICATION 2: the applicant, did, on or about 17 September 2011, without authority, was absent from the unit, located at Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, and did remain so absent until on or about 13 October 2011.

- SPECIFICATION 3: the applicant, did, on or about 21 June 2011, without authority, was absent from the unit located at Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, and did remain so absent until on or about 1 July 2011.

- SPECIFICATION 4: the applicant , did, on or about 19 April 2011, without authority, was absent from the unit, located at Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, and did remain so absent until on or about 21 April 2011.

- SPECIFICATION 5: the applicant, did, on or about 8 April 2011, without authority, was absent from the unit located at Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, and did remain so absent until on or about 17 April 2011.

- SPECIFICATION 6: the applicant, did, at or near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, on or about 6 April 2011, without authority, fail to go at the time prescribed to the appointed place of duty, to wit: 0630 morning formation at Building 3224.

- SPECIFICATION 7: the applicant , did, at or near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, on or about 6 April 2011, without authority, fail to go at the time prescribed to the appointed place of duty, to wit: 1300 assembly at Range 87.

- SPECIFICATION 8: the applicant, did, at or near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, on or about 11 February 2011, without authority, fail to go at the time prescribed to the appointed place of duty, to wit: 0600 morning formation at Building 3224.

- **SPECIFICATION 9:** the applicant, did, at or near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, on or about 7 February 2011, without authority, fail to go at the time prescribed to the appointed place of duty, to wit: 0600 morning formation at Building 3224.

- **SPECIFICATION 10:** the applicant, did, at or near Joint Base Lewis-McChord, Washington, on or about 1 February 2011, without authority, fail to go at the time prescribed to the appointed place of duty, to wit: 0600 morning formation at Building 3224.

(2) Legal Consultation Date: 29 November 2011

(3) Basis for Separation: Pursuant to the applicant's request for discharge under the provisions of AR 635-200, Chapter 10, in lieu of trial by court-martial.

(4) CDR / Intermediate CDR Recommended Characterization: Under Other Than Honorable Conditions

(5) Separation Approval Decision Date / Characterization: 5 January 2012 / Under Other Than Honorable Conditions

4. SERVICE DETAILS:

a. Date / Period of Enlistment Under Review: 10 September 2008 / 3 years, 17 weeks

b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score: 18 / High School Graduate / 108

c. Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service: E-4 / 11B1O, Infantryman / 3 years, 29 days

d. Prior Service / Characterizations: None

e. Overseas Service / Combat Service: SWA / Iraq (13 September 2009 – 1 September 2010)

f. Awards and Decorations: ICM 2CS, ARCOM, GWOTSM, ASR, OSR

g. Performance Ratings: NA

h. Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record:

(1) Department of the Army memorandum, subject: Rights of Pretrial Confinement, 28 November 2011, reflects the applicant was confined because of conduct and the potential of charges held against the applicant.

(2) Confinement Order, 28 November 2011, reflects the applicant was confined based on a violation of UCMJ articles 128, 92, 91, 90, and 86.

(3) Eleven Personnel Action forms indicate the applicant's duty status changed as follows:

From Present for Duty (PDY) to Absent Without Leave (AWOL), effective 8 April 2011.
 From AWOL to Present for Duty (PDY), effective 17 April 2011;
 From Present for Duty (PDY) to Absent Without Leave (AWOL), effective 19 April 2011;
 From AWOL to Present for Duty (PDY), effective 21 April 2011
 From Present for Duty (PDY) to Absent Without Leave (AWOL), effective 21 June 2011;

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From AWOL to Present for Duty (PDY), effective 1 July 2011;
From Present for Duty (PDY) to Absent Without Leave (AWOL), effective 17 September 2011;
From AWOL to Present for Duty (PDY), effective 13 October 2011
From Present for Duty (PDY) to Absent Without Leave (AWOL), effective 18 October 2011;
From AWOL to Present for Duty (PDY), effective 18 November 2011
From Dropped From Rolls (DFR) to Present for Duty (PDY), effective 28 November 2011.

(4) Twenty-Two Developmental Counseling Forms document instances of the applicant refusing to train and missing movement, disobeying a direct order from a commissioned officer, AWOL, disobeying a lawful order, recommendation for off post privileges be taken, failure to report.

i. **Lost Time / Mode of Return:** 106 days (AWOL; 8 April 2011 – 16 April 2011; 19 April 2011 – 20 April 2011; 17 May 2011 – 13 June 2011; 21 June 2011 – 30 June 2011; 17 September 2011 – 12 October 2011; 18 October 2011 – 27 November 2011) / Applicant Returned to unit.

j. **Behavioral Health Condition(s):** The following documents have been provided to the ARBA Medical Advisor, if applicable. See “**Board Discussion and Determination**” for Medical Advisor Details.

(1) Applicant provided:

(a) Orgon State Hospital Records, 9 February 2021, reflects the applicant was diagnosed with unspecified psychotic disorder.

(b) Northwest Human Record visit summary , 5 November 2019, reflects The applicant was seen for depression unspecified and was advised to continue medications.

(c) Rehab Family Records, 24 August 2019, reflects the applicant was diagnosed with paranoid schizophrenia. The observation period was less than a year. The applicant was also diagnosed with hallucinatory paranoid syndrome and harmful substance use.

(d) Solomon Wolf M.D. assessment letter, 22 October 2013, reflects the applicant was diagnosed with polysubstance abuse (alcohol and methamphetamine), mental disorder with frontal lobe dysfunction due to birth injury, and deferred personality disorder.

(e) Health Record printout, 2 August 2010, reflects the applicant was seen for depression.

(2) AMHRR Listed: None

5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE: Application for the Review of Discharge; Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty (3); third party medical records(4); third party letter of recommendation (2)

6. POST SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: None submitted with the application.

7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):

a. Section 1553, Title 10, United States Code (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s)

within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, 10 USC 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge. Further, the guidance provides that Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.

b. Office, Secretary of Defense memorandum (Supplemental Guidance to Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records Considering Discharge Upgrade Requests by Veterans Claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder), 3 September 2014, directed the Service Discharge Review Boards (DRBs) and Service Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records (BCM/NRs) to carefully consider the revised PTSD criteria, detailed medical considerations and mitigating factors when taking action on applications from former service members administratively discharged UOTHC and who have been diagnosed with PTSD by a competent mental health professional representing a civilian healthcare provider in order to determine if it would be appropriate to upgrade the characterization of the applicant's service.

c. Office, Under Secretary of Defense memorandum (Clarifying Guidance to Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records Considering Requests by Veterans for Modification of their Discharge Due to Mental Health Conditions, Sexual Assault, or Sexual Harassment), 25 August 2017 issued clarifying guidance for the Secretary of Defense Directive to DRBs and BCM/NRs when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharges due in whole or in part to mental health conditions, including PTSD; Traumatic Brain Injury; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Boards are to give liberal consideration to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part to those conditions or experiences. The guidance further describes evidence sources and criteria and requires Boards to consider the conditions or experiences presented in evidence as potential mitigation for misconduct that led to the discharge.

d. Office, Under Secretary of Defense memorandum (Guidance to Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records Regarding Equity, Injustice, or Clemency Determinations), 25 July 2018 issued guidance to Military DRBs and BCM/NRs regarding equity, injustice, or clemency determinations. Clemency generally refers to relief specifically granted from a criminal sentence. However, the guidance applies to more than clemency from a sentencing in a court-martial; it also applies to other corrections, including changes in a discharge, which may be warranted based on equity or relief from injustice.

(1) This guidance does not mandate relief but rather provides standards and principles to guide Boards in application of their equitable relief authority. In determining whether to grant relief on the basis of equity, injustice, or clemency grounds, DRBs shall consider the prospect for rehabilitation, external evidence, sworn testimony, policy changes, relative severity of misconduct, mental and behavioral health conditions, official governmental acknowledgement that a relevant error or injustice was committed, and uniformity of punishment.

(2) Changes to the narrative reason for discharge and/or an upgraded character of service granted solely on equity, injustice, or clemency grounds normally should not result in separation pay, retroactive promotions, and payment of past medical expenses or similar

benefits that might have been received if the original discharge had been for the revised reason or had the upgraded service characterization.

e. Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board), sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Section 1553, Title 10 United States Code; and Department of Defense Directive 1332.41 and Instruction 1332.28.

f. Army Regulation 601-210, Regular Army, and Reserve Components Enlistment Program, governs eligibility criteria, policies, and procedures for enlistment and processing of persons into the Regular Army, the U.S. Army Reserve, and Army National Guard for enlistment per DODI 1304.26. It also prescribes the appointment, reassignment, management, and mobilization of Reserve Officers' Training Corps cadets under the Simultaneous Membership Program. Chapter 4 provides the criteria and procedures for waiverable and nonwaiverable separations. Table 3-1, defines reentry eligibility (RE) codes:

- RE-1 Applies to: Person completing their term of active service who is considered qualified to reenter the U.S. Army. Eligibility: Qualified for enlistment if all other criteria are met.
- RE-3 Applies to: Person who is not considered fully qualified for reentry or continuous service at time of separation, but disqualification is waiverable. Eligibility: Ineligible unless a waiver is granted.
- RE-4 Applies to: Person separated from last period of service with a nonwaiverable disqualification. This includes anyone with a DA imposed bar to reenlistment in effect at time of separation or separated for any reason (except length of service retirement) with 18 or more years active Federal service. Eligibility: Ineligible for enlistment.

g. Army Regulation 635-200 provides the basic authority for the separation of enlisted personnel.

(1) Chapter 3, Section II provides the authorized types of characterization of service or description of separation. It states:

(a) An honorable discharge is a separation with honor and is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.

(b) A general discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions and is issued to a Soldier whose military record is satisfactory but not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.

(c) An under other-than-honorable-conditions discharge is an administrative separation from the Service under conditions other than honorable and it may be issued for misconduct, fraudulent entry, security reasons, or in lieu of trial by court martial based on certain circumstances or patterns of behavior or acts or omissions that constitute a significant departure from the conduct expected of Soldiers in the Army.

(2) Chapter 10, Discharge in Lieu of Trial by Court Martial is applicable to members who had committed an offense or offenses for which the authorized punishment included a bad conduct, or dishonorable discharge could submit a request for discharge for the good of the service. The request could be submitted at any time after the charges had been preferred. Although an honorable or general discharge was authorized, an under other than honorable conditions discharge was normally considered appropriate, unless the record was so meritorious it would warrant an honorable.

(a) After receiving legal counseling, the soldier may elect to submit a request for discharge in lieu of trial by court-martial. The soldier will sign a written request, certifying that they have been counseled, understands their rights, and may receive a discharge under other than honorable conditions.

(b) The following documents will accompany the request for discharge:

- A copy of a Charge Sheet (DD Form 458)
- Report of medical examination and mental status evaluation, if conducted
- A complete copy of all reports of investigation
- Any statement, documents, or other matter considered by the commanding officer in making their recommendation, including any information presented for consideration by the soldier or consulting counsel.
- A statement of any reasonable ground for belief that the soldier is, or was at the time of misconduct, mentally defective, deranged, or abnormal. When appropriate, evaluation by a psychiatrist will be included.

(c) Paragraph 10-6 stipulates medical and mental examinations are not required but may be requested by the Soldier under AR 40-501, chapter 8.

(d) Paragraph 10-8b stipulates Soldiers who have completed entry-level status, characterization of service as honorable is not authorized unless the Soldier's record is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization clearly would be improper.

(2) Army Regulation 635-5-1 (Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes) provides the specific authorities (regulatory or directive), reasons for separating Soldiers from active duty, and the SPD codes to be entered on the DD Form 214. It identifies the SPD code of "KFS" as the appropriate code to assign enlisted Soldiers who are discharged under the provisions of Army Regulation 635-200, Chapter 10, In Lieu Trial by Court-Martial.

8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S): Standard of Review. The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.

a. The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable. The applicant's Army Military Human Resources Record (AMHRR), the issues, and documents submitted with the application were carefully reviewed.

b. The evidence in the applicant's Army Military Human Resource Record (AMHRR) confirms the applicant was charged with the commission of an offense punishable under the UCMJ with a punitive discharge. In consultation with legal counsel, the applicant voluntarily requested, in writing, a discharge under the provisions of AR 635-200, Chapter 10, in lieu of trial by court-martial. In this request, the applicant admitted guilt to the offense, or a lesser included offense, and indicated an understanding an under other than honorable conditions discharge could be received, and the discharge would have a significant effect on eligibility for veterans'

benefits. The under other than honorable conditions discharge received by the applicant was normal and appropriate under the regulatory guidance.

c. The applicant contends the applicant's discharge did not account for multiple significant mental-health conditions, including severe PTSD related to service in Iraq, pre-existing paranoid schizophrenia worsened by combat, and cognitive impairment from childhood frontal-lobe injury. The applicant provided medical records supporting the applicant's contention. The applicant's AMHRR includes no documentation of a PTSD diagnosis.

d. The applicant contends conditions were further complicated by immigration-related stressors. The applicant provided no supporting evidence beyond their statement to support the contention.

9. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:

a. As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:

(1) Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor, a voting member, reviewed the applicant's DOD and VA health records, applicant's statement, and/or civilian provider documentation and found that the applicant has the following potentially-mitigating diagnoses/experiences: asserted Schizophrenia, Unspecified Psychotic Disorder, Depression, Frontal Lobe Syndrome - due to birth injury, Adjustment Disorder(s).

(2) Did the condition exist or experience occur during military service? **Yes.** The applicant was diagnosed with Depression and various Adjustment Disorders during their time in service.

(3) Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board applied liberal consideration and opined that the applicant asserts the misconduct was related to pre-existing schizophrenia, however, the available records do not support the applicant had a diagnoses of Schizophrenia prior to joining the service, nor during service. The applicant has in-service diagnoses of Adjustment Disorder w/Depressed Mood, Adjustment Disorder w/Emotional Features, and Depression. They were also psychiatrically hospitalized during service for bizarre behavior secondary to intoxication due to ingesting bath salts and amphetamine compounds. Records provided by the applicant establishes the applicant's organic psychotic symptom onset occurred, post service, while in prison. The evaluation, dated 24 August 2019, suggests onset of symptoms was within a year of the evaluation. As such, Schizophrenia is not being considered for mitigation. The applicant also included medical documentation showing they were diagnosed with a Mental Disorder (Frontal Lobe Syndrome) due to a birth injury. This condition will be considered for mitigation, given it is a chronic condition that would have persisted throughout their period of service. The applicant's misconduct characterized by possessing bath salts and failing to obey a general order by possessing bath salts (for personal use) is mitigated given the nexus between the use of substances to self-medicate and Depression. Records support the applicant had a history of depression prior to use of bath salts and endorsed using them to improve their depression and help focus. The applicant's misconduct characterized by multiple FTRs and AWOLs are also mitigated given the nexus between Depression and decreased motivation, fatigue, and withdrawal. The misconduct characterized by disobeying an order to stay in the truck, removing their helmet, and subsequently jumping from the moving vehicle is mitigated by Frontal Lobe Syndrome, given the nexus between the condition and impulsivity, and poor decision making. Regarding the specification of committing assault by driving their vehicle toward a SFC in a

manner likely to produce death or grievous bodily harm, a review of the records did not provide evidence supporting the charge. The available record appears to show the applicant jumped from a moving vehicle on 6 April as the NCO and 1LT were attempting to escort them to the training area. If there is evidence the applicant attempted to use their car to cause bodily injury or death to the NCO, the misconduct, even if mitigated, would be of a level of egregiousness to outweigh relief under liberal guidance. Given most of the applicant misconduct is mitigated, upgrade based on medical mitigation is supported.

(4) Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? **Yes.** After applying liberal consideration to the evidence, including the Board Medical Advisor opine, the Board determined that the applicant's Depression and Frontal Lobe Syndrome outweighed the applicant's disobeying orders, FTRs, AWOLs, and drug related charges.

b. Prior Decisions Cited: None

c. Response to Contention(s):

(1) The applicant contends the applicant's discharge did not account for multiple significant mental-health conditions, including severe PTSD related to service in Iraq, pre-existing paranoid schizophrenia worsened by combat, and cognitive impairment from childhood frontal-lobe injury. The Board liberally considered this contention and determined that it was valid due to the applicant's Depression and Frontal Lobe Syndrome outweighed the applicant's disobeying orders, FTRs, AWOLs, and drug related charges. Therefore, a discharge upgrade is warranted

(2) The applicant contends conditions were further complicated by immigration-related stressors. The Board considered this contention during proceedings, but ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted based on the applicant's Depression and Frontal Lobe Syndrome outweighed the applicant's disobeying orders, FTRs, AWOLs, and drug related charges.

d. The Board determined the discharge inequitable and decided to grant clemency, because the applicant's misconduct was fully mitigated by a severe Behavioral Health (BH) condition. The medical advisor concluded that while a claim of schizophrenia was unsupported, the applicant's diagnoses of Depression and a pre-existing Frontal Lobe Syndrome were significant mitigating factors. These conditions were directly linked to misconduct such as substance use, unauthorized absences, and other impulsive actions. Furthermore, the Board found no evidence to substantiate the most serious charge of assault with a vehicle. Considering that the misconduct was medically mitigated, and factoring in the applicant's length and quality of service as well as their combat deployment, the Board granted relief, upgrading the discharge to Honorable (HD) and changing the Separation Code to JKN. The Board voted not to change the Reentry (RE) Code, finding it to be proper and equitable. One member dissented, citing the severity and overall pattern of misconduct.

e. Rationale for Decision:

(1) Published Department of Defense guidance indicates the guidance is not intended to interfere or impede on the Board's statutory independence. The Board determines the relative weight of the action that was the basis for the discharge and whether it supports relief or not. In reaching its determination, the Board considers the application, available records and any supporting documents included with the application.

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(2) The Board voted to change the applicant's characterization of service to Honorable because the applicant's Depression and Frontal Lobe Syndrome outweighed the applicant's disobeying orders, FTRs, AWOLs, and drug related charges. Thus, the prior characterization is no longer appropriate.

(3) The Board voted to change the reason for discharge to Misconduct (Minor Infractions) under the same pretexts, thus the reason for discharge is no longer appropriate. The SPD code associated with the new reason for discharge is JKN.

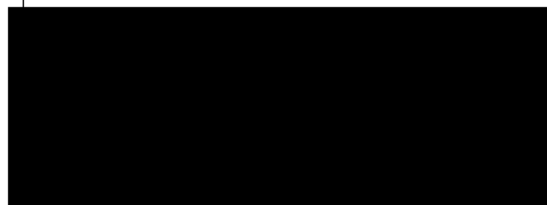
(4) The RE code will not change, as the current code is consistent with the procedural and substantive requirements of the regulation.

10. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:

- a. Issue a New DD-214 / Separation Order: Yes
- b. Change Characterization to: Honorable
- c. Change Reason / SPD code to: Misconduct (Minor Infractions)/JKN
- d. Change RE Code to: No Change
- e. Change Authority to: No Change

Authenticating Official:

3/19/2026

**Legend:**

AWOL – Absent Without Leave
AMHRR – Army Military Human
Resource Record
BCD – Bad Conduct Discharge
BH – Behavioral Health
CG – Company Grade Article 15
CID – Criminal Investigation
Division
ELS – Entry Level Status
FG – Field Grade Article 15
FTR – Failure to Report

GD – General Discharge
HS – High School
HD – Honorable Discharge
IADT – Initial Active-Duty
Training
MP – Military Police
MST – Military Sexual Trauma
N/A – Not applicable
NCO – Noncommissioned Officer
NIF – Not in File
NOS – Not Otherwise Specified

OAD – Ordered to Active Duty
OBH (I) – Other Behavioral
Health (Issues)
OMPF – Official Military
Personnel File
PTSD – Post-Traumatic Stress
Disorder
RE – Re-entry
SCM – Summary Court Martial
SPCM – Special Court Martial

SPD – Separation Program
Designator
TBI – Traumatic Brain Injury
UNC – Uncharacterized
Discharge
UOTHHC – Under Other Than
Honorable Conditions
VA – Department of Veterans
Affairs