### 1. Applicant's Name:

- a. Application Date: 17 September 2023
- b. Date Received: 2 October 2023
- c. Counsel: None
- 2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:

**a. Applicant's Requests and Issues:** The current characterization of service for the period under review is general (under honorable conditions). The applicant requests an honorable discharge.

**b.** The applicant seeks relief contending, in effect, the applicant's discharge should be upgraded to honorable because the applicant got out of the military because they received custody of their child in 2018.

**c. Board Type and Decision:** In a records review conducted on 8 July 2024, and by a 4-1 vote, the Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's length and quality of service, and severe family matters outweighing the applicant's failure to attend battle assembly, the accepted basis for separation. Accordingly, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed to the separation authority to AR 135-178, Paragraph 11-1a.

Please see Section 10 of this document for more detail regarding the Board's decision.

(Board member names available upon request)

### 3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:

a. Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization: NIF / AR 135-178 / NIF / NIF / General (Under Honorable Conditions)

- b. Date of Discharge: 15 May 2017
- c. Separation Facts:
  - (1) Date of Notification of Intent to Separate: NIF
  - (2) Basis for Separation: NIF
  - (3) Recommended Characterization: NIF
  - (4) Legal Consultation Date: NIF
  - (5) Administrative Separation Board: NIF
  - (6) Separation Decision Date / Characterization: NIF
- 4. SERVICE DETAILS:
  - a. Date / Period of Enlistment: 9 February 2013 / 6 years

b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score: 29 / High School Graduate / NIF

**c.** Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service: E-5 / 88M20, Motor Transport Operator / 6 years, 11 months, and 2 days

 d. Prior Service / Characterizations: ARNG, 29 March 2005 - 16 October 2006 / GD IADT, 13 April 2005 - 5 August 2005 / UNC (Concurrent Service) USARCG, 16 October 2006 - 7 June 2007 ARNG, 21 March 2008 - 4 May 2009 / GD ADT, 10 February 2009 - 28 February 2009 / NIF (Concurrent Service) USARCG, 4 May 2009 - 12 October 2012 / NA

- e. Overseas Service / Combat Service: None
- f. Awards and Decorations: ASR, GWOTS, ARCAM-2, AFRM
- g. Performance Ratings: 1 November 2014 31 October 2015 / Fully Capable 1 November 2015 15 May 2017 / NIF

**h.** Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record: Orders 17-128-00035, 8 May 2017, shows the applicant was discharged from the U.S. Army Reserve (USAR) on 15 May 2017 under the authority of AR 135-178 (Enlisted Administrative Separations), with general (under honorable conditions) characterization of service.

- i. Lost Time / Mode of Return: None
- j. Behavioral Health Condition(s):
  - (1) Applicant provided: None
  - (2) AMHRR Listed: None

**5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE:** DD Form 149; separation orders; court custody documents; Request Pertaining to Military Records; and memorandum for record.

6. POST SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS: None submitted with the application.

### 7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):

**a.** Section 1553, Title 10, United States Code (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s) within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, 10 USC 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge provides that Military/Naval

Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.

**b.** Multiple Department of Defense Policy Guidance Memoranda published between 2014 and 2018. The documents are commonly referred to by the signatory authorities' last names (2014 Secretary of Defense Guidance [Hagel memo], 2016 Acting Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Carson memo], 2017 Official Performing the Duties of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Kurta memo], and 2018 Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Wilkie memo].

(1) Individually and collectively, these documents provide further clarification to the Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharge due to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Liberal consideration will be given to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part on matters relating to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Special consideration will be given to Department of Veterans Affairs (VA) determinations that document a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment potentially contributed to the circumstances resulting in a less than honorable discharge characterization. Special consideration will also be given in cases where a civilian provider confers diagnoses of a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment if the case records contain narratives supporting symptomatology at the time of service or when any other evidence which may reasonably indicate that a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment existed at the time of discharge might have mitigated the misconduct that caused a discharge of lesser characterization.

(2) Conditions documented in the service record that can reasonably be determined to have existed at the time of discharge will be considered to have existed at the time of discharge. In cases in which a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment may be reasonably determined to have existed at the time of discharge, those conditions will be considered potential mitigating factors in the misconduct that caused the characterization of service in question. All Boards will exercise caution in weighing evidence of mitigation in cases in which serious misconduct precipitated a discharge with a less than Honorable characterization of service. Potentially mitigating evidence of the existence of undiagnosed combat related PTSD, PTSD-related conditions due to TBI or sexual assault/harassment as causative factors in the misconduct resulting in discharge will be carefully weighed against the severity of the misconduct. PTSD is not a likely cause of premeditated misconduct. Caution shall be exercised in weighing evidence of mitigation in all cases of misconduct by carefully considering the likely causal relationship of symptoms to the misconduct.

**c.** Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board), sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Section 1553, Title 10 United States Code; and Department of Defense Directive 1332.41 and Instruction 1332.28.

**d.** Army Regulation 135-178 (Enlisted Administrative Separations), sets forth the policies, standards, and procedures to ensure the readiness and competency of the U.S. Army while providing for the orderly administrative separation of Army National Guard and USAR enlisted Soldiers for a variety of reasons. The separation policies throughout the different Chapters in this regulation promote the readiness of the Army by providing an orderly means to judge the suitability of persons to serve on the basis of their conduct and their ability to meet required standards of duty performance and discipline. Specific categories include minor disciplinary

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infractions, a pattern of misconduct, and commission of a serious offense, to include abuse of illegal drugs, and convictions by civil authorities.

(1) Paragraph 2-7, prescribes possible characterizations of service include an honorable, general (under honorable conditions), under other than honorable conditions, or uncharacterized if the Soldier is in entry-level status. However, the permissible range of characterization varies based on the reason for separation.

(2) Paragraph 2-8, prescribes the characterization is based upon the quality of the Soldier's service, including the reason for separation, and determined in accordance with standards of acceptable personal conduct and performance of duty as found in the UCMJ, Army regulations, and the time-honored customs and traditions of the Army. The reasons for separation, including the specific circumstances that form the basis for the discharge are considered on the issue of characterization.

(3) Chapter 13, provides explicitly for separation under the prerogative of the Secretary of the Army. Secretarial plenary separation authority is exercised sparingly and seldom delegated. Ordinarily, it is used when no other provision of this regulation applies, and early separation is clearly in the Army's best interest. Separations under this paragraph are effective only if approved in writing by the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary's approved designee as announced in updated memorandums. Secretarial separation authority is normally exercised on a case-by-case basis.

**8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S):** The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.

**a.** The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable. The applicant's AMHRR, the issues, and documents submitted with the application were carefully reviewed.

**b.** The applicant's AMHRR is void of the specific facts and circumstances concerning the events which led to the discharge from the Army Reserve. The applicant's AMHRR does contain a properly constituted discharge order: Orders 17-128-00035, 8 May 2017. The orders indicate the applicant was discharged on 15 May 2017 under the provisions of AR 135-178, with a characterization of service of general (under honorable conditions).

**c.** The applicant contends, in effect, the applicant's discharge should be upgraded to honorable because the applicant got out of the military because they received custody of their child in 2018. The applicant provided court custody documents from the state of GA, filed on 22 June 2018, showing the applicant was awarded legal custody of their child.

**d.** Published Department of Defense guidance indicates that the guidance is not intended to interfere or impede on the Board's statutory independence. The Board will determine the relative weight of the action that led to the discharge and whether it supports relief or not. In reaching its determination, the Board shall consider the applicant's petition, available records and/or submitted documents in support of the petition.

**9. DOCUMENTS / TESTIMONY PRESENTED DURING PERSONAL APPEARANCE:** In addition to the evidence in the record, the Board carefully considered the additional document(s) and testimony presented by the applicant at the personal appearance hearing.

a. The applicant submitted the following additional document(s): None.

**b.** The applicant presented the following additional contention(s): Applicant provided oral argument and statements in support of the contentions provided in written submissions and in support of previously submitted documentary evidence.

# c. Counsel / Witness(es) / Observer(s): None.

### **10. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:**

**a.** As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:

(1) Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **No.** The Board's Medical Advisor reviewed DoD and VA medical records and found no mitigating BH diagnoses on the applicant. The applicant provided no documents or testimony of a condition or experience, that, when applying liberal consideration, could have excused or mitigated a discharge.

- (2) Did the condition exist or experience occur during military service? N/A.
- (3) Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? N/A.
- (4) Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? N/A.

**b.** Response to Contention(s): The applicant contends, in effect, the applicant's discharge should be upgraded to honorable because the applicant got out of the military because they received custody of their child in 2018. The Board considered this contention and determined the applicant's length and quality of service, and severe family matters outweighed the applicant's failure to attend battle assembly, the accepted basis for separation. Therefore, the Board voted to upgrade the applicant's characterization of service to Honorable.

**c.** The Board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's length and quality of service, and severe family matters outweighing the applicant's failure to attend battle assembly, the accepted basis for separation. Accordingly, the Board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to Honorable and changed to the separation authority to AR 135-178, Paragraph 11-1a. The applicant has exhausted their appeal options available with ADRB. However, the applicant may still apply to the Army Board for Correction of Military Records. The applicant is responsible for satisfying the burden of proof and providing documents or other evidence sufficient to support the applicant's contention(s) that the discharge was improper or inequitable.

**d.** Rationale for Decision:

(1) The Board voted to change the applicant's characterization of service to Honorable because the applicant's length and quality of service, and severe family matters outweigh the applicant's failure to attend battle assembly basis for separation. Thus, the prior characterization is no longer appropriate.

(2) The Board voted not to change the applicant's reason for discharge or accompanying SPD code as there were no Reasons or SPD Codes listed on the applicant's discharge paperwork, due to being in the Army Reserves, no upgrade actions are required for these items.

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(3) The RE code will not change, as there were no RE Codes listed on the applicant's discharge paperwork, due to being in the Army Reserves, no upgrade actions are required for this item.

- 11. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:
  - a. Issue a New Separation Order: Yes
  - b. Change Characterization to: Honorable
  - c. Change Authority to: AR 135-178, Paragraph 11-1a

#### Authenticating Official:

8/28/2024



Legend: AWOL – Absent Without Leave AMHRR – Army Military Human Resource Record BCD – Bad Conduct Discharge BH – Behavioral Health CG – Company Grade Article 15 CID – Criminal Investigation Division ELS – Entry Level Status FG – Field Grade Article 15

GD – General Discharge HS – High School HD – Honorable Discharge IADT – Initial Active Duty Training MP – Military Police MST – Military Sexual Trauma N/A – Not applicable NCO – Noncommissioned Officer NIF – Not in File NOS – Not Otherwise Specified OAD – Ordered to Active Duty OBH (I) – Other Behavioral Health (Issues) OMPF – Official Military Personnel File PTSD – Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder RE – Re-entry SCM – Summary Court Martial SPCM – Special Court Martial SPD – Separation Program Designator TBI – Traumatic Brain Injury UNC – Uncharacterized Discharge UOTHC – Under Other Than Honorable Conditions VA – Department of Veterans Affairs