1. Applicant's Name:

a. Application Date: 5 October 2023

**b. Date Received:** 16 October 2023

c. Counsel: None

### 2. REQUEST, ISSUES, BOARD TYPE, AND DECISION:

### a. Applicant's Requests and Issues:

- (1) The current characterization of service for the period under review is general (under honorable conditions). The applicant requests an upgrade to honorable.
- (2) The applicant seeks relief stating the basis of their request is in regard to the state of their mental health at the time of their infraction and discharge; as well as the injustice they have experienced due to the characterization of service.
- (3) Amidst their deployment in 2020, as well as throughout the many months afterward, they had been dealing with some undiagnosed mental health disorders. They were never really encouraged to seek mental health therapy, nor did they feel as though their mental health was taken seriously. They began to self-medicate with the use of marijuana. If during that time they were aware they was suffering from depression and anxiety, then they would have made it a top priority to receive the proper help. They have attached a letter from their current therapist stating their current diagnosis.
- (4) It has been very hard to obtain jobs due to the character of their discharge and is preventing them from continue to grow. They wished they could be allowed the opportunity to further their education and attend culinary school. They are just someone who wished to better themselves as well as show that they are not defined by their mistakes and if given the opportunity they promise to give their all to prove their sincerity.
- **b. Board Type and Decision:** In a records review conducted on 2 October 2024, and by a 5-0 vote, the board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's Adjustment Disorder with Mixed Anxiety and Depressed Mood and in-service factors (length, combat) which mitigated the applicant's drug use. Therefore, the board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to honorable.

Please see Section 9 of this document for more detail regarding the Board's decision

### 3. DISCHARGE DETAILS:

- a. Reason / Authority / Codes / Characterization: Misconduct (Drug Abuse) / Army Regulations 635-200, Paragraph 14-12c (2) / JKK / RE-4 / General (Under Honorable Conditions)
  - b. Date of Discharge: 22 March 2021
- **c. Separation Facts:** The applicant's case separation file is void from their Army Military Human Resource Record (AMHRR). On 30 January 2024 the Army Review Boards Agency requested the applicant provide their discharge packet (case separation files), as of this date there has been no response.

#### 4. SERVICE DETAILS:

- a. Date / Period of Enlistment: The applicant extended the most recent enlistment by a period of 12 months on 14 October 2020, giving the applicant a new ETS of: 26 November 2022.
  - b. Age at Enlistment / Education / GT Score: 18 / HS Graduate / 100
- c. Highest Grade Achieved / MOS / Total Service: E-4 / 92G1O, Culinary Specialist / 3 years, 8 months, 20 days
  - d. Prior Service / Characterizations: None
- e. Overseas Service / Combat Service: SWA / Saudi Arabia (26 January 2020 21 July 2020)
  - f. Awards and Decorations: AAM, AGCM, NDSM, GWTEM, ASR
  - g. Performance Ratings: NA
  - h. Disciplinary Action(s) / Evidentiary Record:
- (1) The Headquarters, U.S. Army Garrison, Fort Bragg Orders 064-0276, date 5 March 2021, reflects the applicant's discharge from the Army effective 22 March 2021.
- (2) A DD Form 214 (Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty) reflects the applicant was discharged on 22 March 2021, with 3 year, 8 months, and 20 days of net active service this period. The DD Form 214 show in -
  - item 4a (Grade, Rate or Rank) Private
  - item 4b (Pay Grade) E-1
  - item 12i (Effective Date of Pay Grade) 24 February 2021
  - item 18 (Remarks) MEMBER HAS NOT COMPLETED FIRST FULL TERM OF SERVICE
  - item 24 (Character of Service) –General (Under Honorable Conditions)
  - item 28 (Narrative Reason for Separation) Misconduct (Drug Abuse)
  - i. Lost Time / Mode of Return: None
  - j. Behavioral Health Condition(s): None
- 5. APPLICANT-PROVIDED EVIDENCE:
  - DD Form 293 (Application for the Review of Discharge from the Armed Forces of the United States), with letter
  - three 3rd Party Letters
  - two Police/Background Check Letter
- **6. POST SERVICE ACCOMPLISHMENTS:** None submitted with the application.
- 7. STATUTORY, REGULATORY AND POLICY REFERENCE(S):

- **a.** Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 1553, (Review of Discharge or Dismissal) provides for the creation, composition, and scope of review conducted by a Discharge Review Board(s) within established governing standards. As amended by Sections 521 and 525 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2020, Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 1553 provides specific guidance to the Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards when considering discharge upgrade requests by Veterans claiming Post Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD), Traumatic Brain Injury (TBI), sexual trauma, intimate partner violence (IPV), or spousal abuse, as a basis for discharge review. The amended guidance provides that Boards will include, as a voting board member, a physician trained in mental health disorders, a clinical psychologist, or a psychiatrist when the discharge upgrade claim asserts a mental health condition, including PTSD, TBI, sexual trauma, IPV, or spousal abuse, as a basis for the discharge. Further, the guidance provides that Military Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records and Discharge Review Boards will develop and provide specialized training specific to sexual trauma, IPV, spousal abuse, as well as the various responses of individuals to trauma.
- **b.** Multiple Department of Defense (DoD) Policy Guidance Memoranda published between 2014 and 2018. The documents are commonly referred to by the signatory authorities' last names (2014 Secretary of Defense Guidance [Hagel memo], 2016 Acting Principal Deputy Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Carson memo], 2017 Official Performing the Duties of the Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Kurta memo], and 2018 Under Secretary of Defense for Personnel and Readiness [Wilkie memo].
- (1) Individually and collectively, these documents provide further clarification to the Military Discharge Review Boards and Boards for Correction of Military/Naval Records when considering requests by Veterans for modification of their discharge due to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Liberal consideration will be given to Veterans petitioning for discharge relief when the application for relief is based in whole or in part on matters relating to mental health conditions, including PTSD; TBI; sexual assault; or sexual harassment. Special consideration will be given to VA determinations that document a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment potentially contributed to the circumstances resulting in a less than honorable discharge characterization. Special consideration will also be given in cases where a civilian provider confers diagnoses of a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment if the case records contain narratives supporting symptomatology at the time of service or when any other evidence which may reasonably indicate that a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment existed at the time of discharge might have mitigated the misconduct that caused a discharge of lesser characterization.
- (2) Conditions documented in the service record that can reasonably be determined to have existed at the time of discharge will be considered to have existed at the time of discharge. In cases in which a mental health condition, including PTSD; TBI; or sexual assault/harassment may be reasonably determined to have existed at the time of discharge, those conditions will be considered potential mitigating factors in the misconduct that caused the characterization of service in question. All Boards will exercise caution in weighing evidence of mitigation in cases in which serious misconduct precipitated a discharge with a less than Honorable characterization of service. Potentially mitigating evidence of the existence of undiagnosed combat related PTSD, PTSD-related conditions due to TBI or sexual assault/harassment as causative factors in the misconduct resulting in discharge will be carefully weighed against the severity of the misconduct. PTSD is not a likely cause of premeditated misconduct. Caution shall be exercised in weighing evidence of mitigation in all cases of misconduct by carefully considering the likely causal relationship of symptoms to the misconduct.

- **c.** Army Regulation 15-180 (Army Discharge Review Board) sets forth the policies and procedures under which the Army Discharge Review Board is authorized to review the character, reason, and authority of any Servicemember discharged from active military service within 15 years of the Servicemember's date of discharge. Additionally, it prescribes actions and composition of the Army Discharge Review Board under Public Law 95-126; Title 10, U.S. Code, Section 1553; and DoD Directive 1332.41 and DoD Instruction 1332.28.
- **d.** Army Regulation 635-200 (Active Duty Enlisted Administrative Separations) prescribes policies and standards to ensure the readiness and competency of the force while providing for the orderly administrative separation of Soldiers for a variety of reasons. It prescribes the policies, procedures, and the general provisions governing the separation of Soldiers before expiration term of service or fulfillment of active duty obligation to meet the needs of the Army and its Soldiers.
- (1) An Honorable discharge is a separation with honor and is appropriate when the quality of the Soldier's service generally has met the standards of acceptable conduct and performance of duty for Army personnel or is otherwise so meritorious that any other characterization would be clearly inappropriate.
- **(2)** A General discharge is a separation from the Army under honorable conditions and is issued to a Soldier whose military record is satisfactory but not sufficiently meritorious to warrant an honorable discharge.
- (3) A Under Other Than Honorable Conditions Discharge is an administrative separation from the Service under conditions other than honorable. It may be issued for misconduct, fraudulent entry, security reasons, or in lieu of trial by court-martial.
- (4) Chapter 14 (Separation for Misconduct) established policy and prescribed procedures for separating members for misconduct. Action will be taken to separate a member for misconduct when it is clearly established that rehabilitation is impractical or unlikely to succeed. Paragraph 14-12c (2) (Abuse of Illegal Drugs is Serious Misconduct), stated, however; relevant facts may mitigate the nature of the offense. Therefore, a single drug abuse offense may be combined with one or more minor disciplinary infractions or incidents of other misconduct and processed for separation. A discharge under other than honorable conditions is normally appropriate for a Soldier discharged under this chapter. However, the separation authority may direct a general discharge if such is merited by the Soldier's overall record.
- (5) Chapter 15 (Secretarial Plenary Authority), currently in effect, provides explicitly for separation under the prerogative of the Secretary of the Army. Secretarial plenary separation authority is exercised sparingly and seldom delegated. Ordinarily, it is used when no other provision of this regulation applies, and early separation is clearly in the Army's best interest. Separations under this paragraph are effective only if approved in writing by the Secretary of the Army or the Secretary's approved designee as announced in updated memoranda. Secretarial separation authority is normally exercised on a case-by-case basis.
- **e.** Army Regulation 635-5-1 (Separation Program Designator (SPD) Codes) provides the specific authorities (regulatory or directive), reasons for separating Soldiers from active duty, and the SPD codes to be entered on the DD Form 214. It identifies the SPD code of "JKK" as the appropriate code to assign enlisted Soldiers who are discharged under the provisions of Army Regulation 635-200, Chapter 14, paragraph 12c (2), misconduct (drug abuse).
- **f.** Army Regulation 601-210 (Regular Army and Reserve Components Enlistment Program) governs eligibility criteria, policies, and procedures for enlistment and processing of persons into

the Regular Army, the U.S. Army Reserve, and Army National Guard for enlistment per DoD Instructions 1304.26. It also prescribes the appointment, reassignment, management, and mobilization of Reserve Officers' Training Corps cadets under the Simultaneous Membership Program. Chapter 4 provides the criteria and procedures for waiverable and nonwaiverable separations. Table 3-1, defines reentry eligibility (RE) codes:

- (1) RE-1 Applies to: Person completing his or her term of active service who is considered qualified to reenter the U.S. Army. Eligibility: Qualified for enlistment if all other criteria are met.
- **(2)** RE-3 Applies to: Person who is not considered fully qualified for reentry or continuous service at time of separation, but disqualification is waiverable. Eligibility: Ineligible unless a waiver is granted.
- (3) RE-4 Applies to: Person separated from last period of service with a nonwaiverable disqualification. This includes anyone with a DA imposed bar to reenlistment in effect at time of separation or separated for any reason (except length of service retirement) with 18 or more years active Federal service. Eligibility: Ineligible for enlistment.

### 8. SUMMARY OF FACT(S):

- **a.** The Army Discharge Review Board considers applications for upgrade as instructed by Department of Defense Instruction 1332.28.
- **b.** A review of the available evidence provides an administrative irregularity in the proper retention of records, specifically the AMHRR is void of the case files for approved separation. Due to the lack of evidence the specific facts and circumstances surrounding the misconduct (drug abuse) that led to their discharged under the provision on Army Regulation 635-200, paragraph 14-12c (2) are unknown. Notwithstanding the absence of records, the DD Form 214, provides the applicant was discharged with a character of service of general (under honorable conditions) for misconduct (drug abuse). They completed 3 years, 8 months, and 20 days of net active service this period; however, they did not complete their 5-year, 21-week contractual active duty obligation and did not complete their first full term of service.
- **c.** Chapter 14 establishes policy and prescribes procedures for separation members for misconduct. Specific categories include minor disciplinary infractions, a pattern of misconduct, commission of a serious offense; to include abuse of illegal drugs; and convictions by civil authorities. Action will be taken to separate a member for misconduct when it is clearly established that rehabilitation is impracticable or is unlikely to succeed. A discharge under other than honorable conditions is normally appropriate for a Soldier discharged under this chapter. However, the separation authority may direct a general discharge if such is merited by the Soldier's overall record.
- **d.** The applicant's AMHRR does not reflect documentation of a mental health diagnosis, nor did the applicant provide evidence of a diagnosis during their military service.
- **e.** Published Department of Defense guidance indicates that the guidance is not intended to interfere or impede on the Board's statutory independence. The Board will determine the relative weight of the action that led to the discharge and whether it supports relief or not. In reaching its determination, the Board shall consider the applicant's petition, available records and/or submitted documents in support of the petition.

#### 9. BOARD DISCUSSION AND DETERMINATION:

- **a.** As directed by the 2017 memo signed by A.M. Kurta, the board considered the following factors:
- (1) Did the applicant have a condition or experience that may excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor, a voting member, reviewed the applicant's DOD and VA health records, applicant's statement, and/or civilian provider documentation and found that the applicant has the following potentially mitigating diagnosis: Applicant asserts symptoms in-service. He is service connected for an Adjustment Disorder with Mixed Anxiety and Depressed Mood.
- **(2)** Did the condition exist, or experience occur during military service? **Yes.** Applicant asserts symptoms in-service.
- (3) Does the condition or experience actually excuse or mitigate the discharge? **Yes.** The Board's Medical Advisor applied liberal consideration and opined that given the VA service connecting depressive and anxiety symptoms, pattern of self-medicating for depressive and anxiety symptoms, and assertion the symptoms were present in-service prior to drug use, the basis is mitigated.
- (4) Does the condition or experience outweigh the discharge? Yes. The board concurred with the opinion of the Board's Medical Advisor, a voting member. As a result, the ADRB applied liberal consideration and found that the applicant's Adjustment Disorder with Mixed Anxiety and Depressed Mood outweighed the drug abuse (multiple positive UAs) basis for separation for the aforementioned reason.

### **b.** Response to Contention(s):

- (1) The applicant contends the basis of their request is in regard to the state of their mental health at the time of their infraction and discharge; as well as the injustice they have experienced due to the characterization of service. During their deployment in 2020, as well as throughout the many months afterward, they had been dealing with some undiagnosed mental health disorders. The board considered this contention during proceedings, but ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted based on the applicant's Adjustment Disorder with Mixed Anxiety, Depressed Mood, and in-service factors (length, combat) outweighed the drug abuse (multiple positive UAs) basis for separation for the aforementioned reason.
- (2) The applicant contends they were never really encouraged to seek mental health therapy, nor did they feel as though their mental health was taken seriously. They began to self-medicate with the use of marijuana. The board considered this contention during proceedings, but ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted as detailed in paragraphs 9a (3-4) and 9b (1).
- (3) The applicant contends If during that time they were aware they were suffering from depression and anxiety, then they would have made it a top priority to receive the proper help. The board considered this contention during proceedings, but ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted as detailed in paragraphs 9a (3-4) and 9b (1).
- (4) The applicant contends they have attached a letter from their current therapist stating their current diagnosis. The board considered this contention during proceedings, but

ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted as detailed in paragraphs 9a (3-4) and 9b (1).

- (5) The applicant contends It has been very hard to obtain jobs due to the character of their discharge and is preventing them from continue to grow. They wished they could be allowed the opportunity to further their education and attend culinary school. The board considered this contention during proceedings, but ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted as detailed in paragraphs 9a (3-4) and 9b (1).
- **(6)** The applicant contents they are just someone who wished to better themselves as well as show that they are not defined by their mistakes and if given the opportunity they promise to give their all to prove their sincerity. The board considered this contention during proceedings, but ultimately did not address the contention due to an upgrade being granted as detailed in paragraphs 9a (3-4) and 9b (1).
- **d.** The board determined the discharge is inequitable based on the applicant's Adjustment Disorder with Mixed Anxiety, Depressed Mood, and in-service factors (length, combat) which mitigated the applicant's drug use. Therefore, the board voted to grant relief in the form of an upgrade of the characterization of service to honorable.

#### e. Rationale for Decision:

- (1) The board voted to change the applicant's characterization of service to honorable because the applicant's Adjustment Disorder with Mixed Anxiety, Depressed Mood, and inservice factors (length, combat) mitigated the applicant's drug use. Thus, the prior characterization is no longer appropriate.
- (2) The board voted not to change the applicant's reason for discharge or accompanying SPD code under the same pretexts, as the reason the applicant was discharged was both proper and equitable.
- (3) The RE code will not change, as the current code is consistent with the procedural and substantive requirements of the regulation.

### 10. BOARD ACTION DIRECTED:

a. Issue a New DD-214 / Separation Order: Yes

b. Change Characterization to: Honorable

c. Change Reason / SPD code to: No Change

d. Change RE Code to: No Change

e. Change Authority to: No Change

### **Authenticating Official:**

6/17/2025



AWOL – Absent Without Leave AMHRR – Army Military Human Resource Record BCD – Bad Conduct Discharge BH – Behavioral Health

CG – Company Grade Article 15 CID - Criminal Investigation

Division ELS – Entry Level Status FG – Field Grade Article 15 GD - General Discharge

HS – High School HD – Honorable Discharge IADT – Initial Active Duty Training MP – Military Police

MST - Military Sexual Trauma

N/A – Not applicable NCO – Noncommissioned Officer

NOS - Not Otherwise Specified

OAD - Ordered to Active Duty

OBH (I) – Other Behavioral Health (Issues) OMPF – Official Military Personnel File

PTSD - Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder RE – Re-entry

SCM – Summary Court Martial SPCM – Special Court Martial

SPD - Separation Program Designator TBI – Traumatic Brain Injury

UNC – Uncharacterized Discharge

UOTHC - Under Other Than Honorable Conditions VA – Department of Veterans