

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS
2 NAVY ANNEX
WASHINGTON DC 20370-5100

BJG

Docket No: 4313-02

3 October 2002

Dear

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to the provisions of title 10 of the United States Code, section 1552.

A three-member panel of the Board for Correction of Naval Records, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 26 September 2002. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application, together with all material submitted in support thereof, your naval record and applicable statutes, regulations and policies. In addition, the Board considered the advisory opinion furnished by the Office of the Judge Advocate General, dated 8 July 2002, and a memorandum for the record (MFR), dated 25 September 2002, copies of which are attached.

After careful and conscientious consideration of the entire record, the Board found that the evidence submitted was insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. In this connection, the Board substantially concurred with the comments contained in the advisory opinion, as amended in accordance with the MFR, except they did not agree that the Commanding Officer (CO), US L letter of 28 June 1993, enclosure (2) to your application, suggested an attempt to set aside the contested nonjudicial punishment. This letter merely stated that you had been erroneously charged with a violation of Article 84, Uniform Code of Military Justice; that you had been found not guilty of this charge; and that the forfeiture of \$275.00 per month for two months, the only punishment you were awarded, should not have been taken out of your pay account. They agreed with the advisory opinion in concluding that the evidence you provided, including the CO, USS I to establish that you were not found to have committed any of the offenses charged. Accordingly, they were unable to find that the forfeiture was invalid. They were likewise unable to find what, if any, correction was warranted to reflect accurately the specific misconduct you were found to have committed. In view of the above, your application has been denied. The names and votes of the members of the panel will be furnished upon request. It is regretted that the circumstances of your case are such that favorable action cannot be taken. You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new and material evidence or other matter not previously considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

Sincerely,

W. DEAN PFEIFFER Executive Director

Enclosures

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY



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IN REPLY REFER TO



From: Deputy Director, Criminal Law Division (OJAG Code 20)

To: Chairman, Board for Correction of Naval Records

Subj: REQUEST FOR COMMENTS AND RECOMMENDATION ICO GMM

Ref: (a) BCNR ltr BJG Docket No. 04313-02 of 11 Jun 02 (w/encl)

1. Reference (a) requests comments and recommendation regarding the petition of Petitioner, USN, Lee Starry, for correction of his naval record. The Petitioner makes the following requests; a) that his "personnel record be updated to reflect NJP charges being dismissed," and b) that the forfeiture of pay resulting from the NJP be repaid to him.

2. BACKGROUND:

- a. Petitioner went to at Naval Recruiting District (NRD) at on 29 June 1992 charged with UCMJ articles 81, 84, 92 and 107. According to the record, he was found in violation of articles 81 (conspiracy to enlist two individuals with false official documents) and 84 (effecting the enlistment of an individual known to be ineligible for enlistment). He was awarded forfeiture of \$275.00 per month for two months (NAVPERS 1070/607 dtd 30 June 1992).
- b. On 17 March 1993, the CO, USS (the Petitioner's new commander) sent a letter to the CO, NRD requesting a copy of the Report and Disposition of Offenses (RDO) of Petitioner's NJP. On 13 April 1993, the personnel officer of the USS filed a new "by dir" NAVPERS 1070/607 indicating a modification of the original NAVPERS 1070/607 was required, although it is not entirely clear what was to be modified. Finally, on 28 June 1993, CO, USS sent a letter a letter to the Commander, Bureau of Naval Personnel requesting the removal of the article 84 conviction and the repayment of \$550.00 forfeited by Petitioner as a result of his NJP.

3. DISCUSSION:

a. Removal of Article 84 Violation: The record indicates that the CO, USS supports the Petitioner's claim that he was erroneously charged with violation of article 84, and that the conviction should be removed from his record. It is not clear from the record, however, upon what authority that support is based. There is a separate charge sheet in which some of the charges have been lined out, but that is in no way dispositive. In fact, all other documentation, aside from the NAVPERS 1070/607 of 13 April 1993, and the letter from the CO, USS indicates that the conviction was valid. This would suggest that the CO, USS is attempting to set aside the article 84 conviction. He does not have the authority to set aside Petitioner's NJP, however, because only the commander or NJP authority who imposed the NJP, or a successor in

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command may set aside an NJP. There is no indication in the record that his support of the Petitioners claims are based on any other authority.

- b. Repayment of Forfeited Money: There is nothing in the record to support the repayment of forfeited money to the Petitioner. Even if the article 84 violation were erroneous and removed, a violation of article 81 subjects the guilty member to the maximum punishment authorized for the offense which is the object of the conspiracy. In this case the offense which is the object of the conspiracy is article 107 (false official statements) which carries a maximum punishment of dishonorable discharge, forfeiture of all pay and allowances, and confinement for 5 years.
- 3. Based on the foregoing, and without more conclusive proof that all the charges were dismissed and the NJP set aside, the record should stand as is.



25 September 2002

MEMO FOR RECORD

Re: Case of Givin

Today, I SN, who signed the advisory opinion dtd 8 Jul 02 in case, amended paragraph 3.a by acknowledging that not only the commander or authority who imposed an NJP or a successor in command, but also the current commanding officer has authority to set aside the NJP.

Head, Performance Section