

## **DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY**

BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS 701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001 ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

> Docket No. 9237-23 Ref: Signature Date

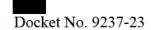
Dear

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Section 1552 of Title 10, United States Code. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

A three-member panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 19 March 2024. The names and votes of the members of the panel will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application, together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies. In addition, the Board considered the advisory opinion contained in Office of the Chief of Naval Operations memorandum 7220 Ser N130/23U1407 of 15 December 2023, and your response to the opinion.

The Board determined that your personal appearance, with or without counsel, would not materially add to their understanding of the issues involved. Therefore, the Board determined that a personal appearance was not necessary and considered your case based on the evidence of record.

You requested to establish entitlement to Continuation Pay (CP) at 12 years commissioned service. The Board, in its review of your entire record and application, carefully weighed all potentially mitigating factors, to include your assertions. However, the Board concluded that you did not meet the eligibility criteria to receive CP in accordance with Military Personnel Manual Article 1810-081 and Navy Administrative (NAVADMIN) message 114/21. Specifically, the policies indicate Sailors who enrolled in Blended Retirement System (BRS) are eligible to receive mid-career CP at 12 years of service (YOS) in exchange for an agreement to serve four additional years of obligated service, to run concurrent with any existing service obligation. For the purpose of CP eligibility, 12 YOS is computed from the member's Pay Entry Base Date (PEBD). Additionally, NAVADMIN 114/21 directed Sailors to make the CP election



via the Navy Standard Integrated Personnel System (NSIPS). Sailors that were unable to elect CP through NSIPS could have manually elected CP through their Command Career Counselor. Sailors that provided NSIPS with an up-to-date email address, received email notification of CP eligibility.

A review of your record reflects your PEBD is 11 May 2010, and you enrolled in BRS on 31 January 2018. Your CP election window opened on 11 November 2021. On 11 February 2022, you completed Entitlement to Continuation Pay Financial Readiness Touchpoint training and on 11 April 2022, you were provided email notification of CP eligibility before your last day to elect CP on 10 May 2022. The Board could not find, nor did you provide evidence of making an election during your election window of 11 November 2021 through 10 May 2022. Moreover, there is no indication of system constraints that would have prevented you from electing CP prior to reaching 12 YOS. Therefore, in this connection, the Board substantially concurred with the comments contained in the advisory opinion and determined that a change to your record is not warranted.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

