

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY

BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS 701 S. COURTHOUSE ROAD, SUITE 1001 ARLINGTON, VA 22204-2490

> Docket No. 10725-24 Ref: Signature Date

Dear

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Section 1552 of Title 10, United States Code. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

A three-member panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 14 January 2025. The names and votes of the members of the panel will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations, and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application, together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record, and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies, as well as the 11 September 2024 decision furnished by the Marine Corps Performance Evaluation Review Board (PERB), and 28 May 2024 advisory opinion (AO) provided to the PERB by the Manpower Management Division Records and Performance Branch. The AO was provided to you on 11 September 2024, and you were given 30 days in which to submit a response. Although you were afforded an opportunity to submit a rebuttal, you did not do so.

The Board carefully considered your request to remove the fitness report for the reporting period 1 October 2021 to 31 December 2021. The Board considered your contention that the Reporting Senior (RS) and Reviewing Officer (RO) did not ensure the fitness report was prepared correctly when marking attributes with the grading scale. You contend the RS marked judgment not observed on an observed report, which artificially deflated the report. The RS and RO comments directly speak to the definition of judgment. You believe this attribute mark gives a false representation of you when the Section I comments describe the whole Marine. You also believe the RS did not mark the attribute because you were under civilian investigation for personal marital matters during the reporting period that were dismissed during the following reporting period.

The Board, however, substantially concurred with the PERB's decision that you did not meet the burden of proof nor shown by preponderance of evidence a substantive inaccuracy or injustice

warranting removal of your fitness report. The Board determined that your fitness report is valid as written and filed in accordance with the applicable Marine Corps Performance Evaluation System (PES) Manual. In this regard, the Board noted that a fitness report average is based only upon observed attribute marks; therefore, a not observed mark does not deflate or negatively affect a fitness report's relative value. The Board also determined that the PES Manual provides RSs discretionary authority to assign attribute markings, your RS's decision not to assign an attribute mark for judgement was within his authority to do. The Board further determined that your belief that judgement was not observed due to your civil or marital matters is speculative and not supported by evidence. The Board thus concluded there is no probable material error, substantive inaccuracy, or injustice warranting corrective action. Accordingly, given the totality of the circumstances, the Board determined that your request does not merit relief.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

