



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY  
BOARD FOR CORRECTION OF NAVAL RECORDS  
701 S. COURTHOUSE RD  
ARLINGTON, VA 22204

██████████  
Docket No. 5220-25  
Ref: Signature Date

██████████  
██  
██

Dear ██████████,

This is in reference to your application for correction of your naval record pursuant to Section 1552 of Title 10, United States Code. After careful and conscientious consideration of relevant portions of your naval record and your application, the Board for Correction of Naval Records (Board) found the evidence submitted insufficient to establish the existence of probable material error or injustice. Consequently, your application has been denied.

A three-member panel of the Board, sitting in executive session, considered your application on 27 January 2026. The names and votes of the members of the panel will be furnished upon request. Your allegations of error and injustice were reviewed in accordance with administrative regulations and procedures applicable to the proceedings of this Board. Documentary material considered by the Board consisted of your application, together with all material submitted in support thereof, relevant portions of your naval record and applicable statutes, regulations, and policies.

In accordance with 31 U.S.C. §3716. Administrative offset, (a) After trying to collect a claim from a person under section 3711(a) of this title, the head of an executive, judicial, or legislative agency may collect the claim by administrative offset. The head of the agency may collect by administrative offset only after giving the debtor—(1) written notice of the type and amount of the claim, the intention of the head of the agency to collect the claim by administrative offset, and an explanation of the rights of the debtor under this section; (2) an opportunity to inspect and copy the records of the agency related to the claim; (3) an opportunity for a review within the agency of the decision of the agency related to the claim; and (4) an opportunity to make a written agreement with the head of the agency to repay the amount of the claim.

You were released from active duty and transferred to the Naval Reserve with an honorable character of service and were issued a Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active Duty (DD Form 214) for the period of 20 June 2019 to 19 June 2022 upon completion of required active service. Furthermore, block 16 (Days Accrued Leave) listed None.

Your Master Military Pay Account listed the following (Leave): ENTRY-OPEN-DT 220513 14 05 2 ENTRY-CLSD-DT 220813 14 08 2 ACTN 02 DEPART 220511 RTRN 220619 AUTH-NR

AG09899 TYPE P ACCT-TYPE 8 DAYS-COUNT 040 AREA 1 ENTRY-OPEN-CLOSD A  
ACCT-TYPE-CHG-1 220613 ACCT-TYPE-CHG-2 220617.

On 6 May 2025, Defense Finance and Accounting Service (DFAS) Indianapolis Center issued you a statement with a Total Balance Due of \$475.86. Furthermore, the following was listed: EXL DEBT IS DUE TO LEAVE YOU TOOK FROM 05/11/2022 TO 06/19/2022 RESULTING IN A NEGATIVE LEAVE BALANCE OF 4.0 DAY (S) WHICH INCLUDES A NONACCRUAL OF 0.5 DAY (S) . YOU ARE NOT ENTITLED TO PAY AND ALLOWANCES DURING PERIODS OF NEGATIVE LEAVE.

You requested a remission of debt in the amount of \$475.86. The Board, in its review of your entire record and application, carefully weighed all potentially mitigating factors, to include your assertions. You assert, “this incident occurred three years ago, and I find it difficult to remember whether the four and a half days of absence were justified. Second, when calculating my legitimate leave, I consulted with the Personnel Support (PS) and Command. I do not understand why there is a record of this four and a half days of absence.” The DFAS letter states your debt is due to leave you took from 11 May 2022 through 19 June 2022 resulting in a negative leave balance of 4.0 days which includes a non-accrual of 0.5 days. The Board could not identify any error, as you provided no evidence such as leave chits and/or leave and earning statements to validate an error or injustice. The Board thus concluded that there is no probable material error, substantive inaccuracy, or injustice warranting corrective action. Accordingly, given the totality of the circumstances, the Board determined that your request does not merit relief.

You are entitled to have the Board reconsider its decision upon submission of new matters, which will require you to complete and submit a new DD Form 149. New matters are those not previously presented to or considered by the Board. In this regard, it is important to keep in mind that a presumption of regularity attaches to all official records. Consequently, when applying for a correction of an official naval record, the burden is on the applicant to demonstrate the existence of probable material error or injustice.

Sincerely,

1/29/2026

